

# OPERATING PLAN 2017-19



## Introduction and Context

In 2014, along with our partners, the CCG established our five year strategy for the Wolverhampton Health Economy. This set out our vision to commission the **right care, in the right place at the right time** based on improving outcomes for our population by:-

- Decreasing potential years lost to ill health;
- Improving health for those with Long Term Conditions;
- Reducing avoidable admissions to hospital;
- Increasing the number of older people who are supported to live independently at home;
- Improving people's experience of receiving health care; and
- Ensuring consistent outcomes, seven days a week.

This ambitious strategy was and continues to be supported by clear delivery priorities around the development of primary care, continued integration with social care, reconfiguration of urgent and emergency care and the continued improvement of mental health services underpinned by a focus on reducing health inequalities across the population. These priorities were translated into Operational plans, refreshed on an annual basis.

Planning Guidance for 2016/17 introduced the requirement for NHS Organisations to come together with Local Authorities to develop Sustainability and Transformation Plans (STPs) across the footprint of a health and social care economy up to 2021. Wolverhampton is part of the Black Country STP footprint and our Operational Plan for 2016/17 outlines how the CCG will contribute to the delivery of emerging plans across the Black Country. The STP, agreed in November 2016 aims to **materially improve the health, wellbeing and prosperity of the population through providing standardised, streamlined and more efficient services**. It identifies many of the key challenges and priorities we set out to build on in our five-year strategy and provides a clear programme of action across the Black Country based around the following priorities: -

- Implementing local place-based models of care that deliver improved access to better coordinated community and primary care that provides greater continuity for patients who can and should receive integrated services in an out of hospital setting;
- Extending Collaboration between Acute service providers to create a coordinated system of care across the Black Country to reduce variation, improve quality and deliver organisational efficiencies;
- Building on existing plans to transform mental health and learning disability services;
- Addressing the significant challenges faced in maternal and infant health through the development of a single maternity plan;
- Working together on key enablers such as digital infrastructure, public sector estate utilisation and workforce transformation to deliver modern patient centred services and commissioning functions; and
- Acting in partnership with the West Midlands Combined Authority and other partners to address the wider determinants of health including employment, education and housing.

The STP will build on existing plans and strategies by recognising both opportunities for organisations to work more closely together to deliver benefits for patients and where local action is most appropriate. There is a clear focus on innovation, particularly where it supports collaboration to reduce variation. This plan outlines the areas Wolverhampton CCG will focus on during 2017/18 and 18/19 to deliver our organisational vision through the broader aims of the STP and the Black Country Footprint.

## Key Challenges

In common with many other health economies, Wolverhampton and the Black Country face significant challenges in commissioning and delivering high quality healthcare for our population. In addition to a trend of increasing demand for services from an aging population, there are significant areas of deprivation in some communities which results in poor health and wellbeing. In Wolverhampton, we are working with other partners through the Health and Wellbeing Board to refresh the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment to help us understand the specific challenges facing our populations, initial work indicates that there are particular challenges in relation to healthy life expectancy, health inequalities and infant mortality. This resonates with the challenges identified across the Black Country footprint around issues such as rates of smoking in pregnancy and its impact on infant mortality, the prevalence of particular conditions, including diabetes, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease and Cardiovascular Disease and high rates of depression across the area.

In conjunction with our partners in the STP a significant challenge facing the CCG in commissioning health care that meets the needs and challenges of our populations, is reducing unwarranted variation in outcomes across a broad range of providers. Across the Black Country this is particularly an issue in areas such as urgent and emergency care and maternity services, where there are significant challenges facing provider organisations in delivering care. Locally, our use of the Right Care analysis tools has identified gastrointestinal diseases, diabetes, genitourinary conditions, circulation problems and neurological conditions as areas of challenge based on how much we spend and the outcomes for patients. We also continue to recognise performance challenges in meeting constitutional delivery targets for areas such as A&E waiting times, referral to treatment standards and 62 day cancer waits. As the CCG assumes greater responsibility for the commissioning of Primary Care on behalf of NHS England (NHSE), we also recognise the challenge of working consistently to drive up quality in the delivery and management of services across our 45 practices. This will be in the context of the work by practices to develop distinct organisational and service delivery models across different groupings in the city, which presents both distinct challenges (and opportunities).

Underpinning these delivery challenges in delivering better care and better wellbeing, is the challenge of realising our ambitions within the resources we have available. Across the Black Country, the STP recognises that, without transformational action to deliver services more effectively and efficiently, there will be a £512 million financial gap across health service organisations. Locally this is reflected in continuing pressure on the CCG's financial position to ensure that our statutory responsibilities are delivered and that we can deliver the scale and pace of change that is required. This will mean that CCG will continue to have to make challenging decisions about the services we commission to ensure that our population continues to receive the best value services. There will also need to be a strong and

continuous focus on the day to day management of our resources, including our running costs and delivery of our Quality, Innovation, Productivity and Prevention (QIPP) targets.

Whilst we recognise that we face these significant challenges, we are also confident that our plans and strategies, including those outlined in this Operational Plan will enable us to meet them. This is because our focus remains on delivery of our strategic vision, working with our partners both locally and across the STP footprint to meet the needs of our population through clearly defined priority action plans.

## **Key Priorities for Delivery**

In order to deliver within the context of the challenges we face as an organisation, the CCG will need to ensure our work programmes for 2017-19 are aligned to our strategic vision. With this in mind, we have set out the following interlinked key priorities that underpin our detailed delivery programmes:-

- **Delivering our contribution to the Black Country STP** – the CCG will play a leading role in the continued development of the STP and the relevant delivery plans supporting a material improvement in health and wellbeing for both Wolverhampton residents and the wider Black Country Footprint.
- **Supporting greater integration of health and social care services across Wolverhampton** – the CCG will work with partners within the City to support the development and delivery of the emerging vision for transformation within the City. This includes supporting the Wolverhampton Transition Board as it explores the potential for an ‘Accountable Care Organisation’ within the City.
- **Supporting the continued improvement and development of Primary Care in Wolverhampton** – the CCG will continue to deliver the plans set out in our Primary Care Strategy, including supporting emerging clinical groupings to develop new models of care.
- **Developing New Models of Care to support care closer to home and avoidable admissions to hospital** – The CCG will support the development of Multi-Speciality Community Provider and Primary and Acute Care Systems which will deliver new ways of delivering more integrated services in primary care and community settings.
- **Meeting our statutory duties and responsibilities** – the CCG will continue to provide assurance that we are delivering on our core purpose of commissioning high quality health and care for Wolverhampton that delivers against the NHS Constitution, the 9 ‘Must Do’s’ in the Mandate to the NHS and the CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework.
- **Supporting the development of the appropriate infrastructure for health and care across Wolverhampton** – the CCG will work with our members and other key partners to encourage innovative use of technology that supports individual involvement in their own care, appropriate utilisation of estate across the public sector and the development of a modern, upskilled workforce to enable its delivery.

These priority areas are already well embedded in our existing plans and strategies and we will continue to ensure that these priorities are at the heart of everything we do. This will involve working with our staff, Governing Body and Member practices to build understanding and commitment to deliver against them. We will monitor delivery by regularly reporting

progress against the key priorities to the Governing Body through our Board Assurance Framework.

## **Summary Delivery Plans**

Much of the detailed planning for achieving our strategic priorities is set out in the range of delivery strategies we have already established to support our on-going strategic roadmap including for Primary Care, Mental Health, Public Sector Estates and our Local Digital Roadmap. This is underpinned by clear strategies for monitoring and improving quality, managing risk and developing long term financial models. The delivery plans outlined here provide a summary of the key actions required to achieve our strategic goals and should be read alongside our other strategic documentation.

### **Delivering our Contribution to the Black Country Sustainability and Transformation Plans**

During 2017/18 and 2018/19, the CCG will continue to play a leading role in the implementation of the transformational work programmes in the Black Country STP. In 2017/18 this will include supporting the development of emerging plans for greater collaboration in commissioning, in particular through our leadership of the Mental Health workstream. We are leading the harmonisation of commissioned services and standards across mental health as the providers determine the best collaboration model for acute services and the clinical services opportunities which come out of this are harnessed by both providers and commissioners to reduce variation, fill service gaps and improve both front-line and back office efficiencies.

Our Governing Body has approved proposals to work with the other CCGs in the STP footprint to identify appropriate areas for collaboration. As areas are identified and specific plans for collaboration are refined this will frame further priorities for delivery during 2018/19 and beyond to support commissioning of a range of standardised, delivered once clinical specialities. As well as participating in these collaborative commissioning arrangements, we will support our Acute trust in the Black Country wide plans to consolidate clinical and non-clinical support services and our plans for delivering against the clinical priorities in the 9 ‘Must Dos’ priorities set out below also detail how they align against the specific priorities in the STP.

Our finance and activity plans have been developed in order to ensure alignment with the financial planning across the STP. This is already embedded into the two year contracts we have negotiated with our main providers and the associated QIPP plans which have been developed in order to align with our broader strategic priorities. Further detail on how they have been developed is set out below.

In line with the priority set out in the STP to improve maternity outcomes we will implement the national maternity services review, Better Births, through local maternity systems.

We will work in partnership with RWT to implement the Better Births recommendations and work towards a more personalised, integrated service that offers women greater flexibility and choice. This will build on our existing programme of work that has supported the transfer of a proportion of births from Walsall to Wolverhampton through ongoing quality assurance.

We are also reviewing our perinatal mental health service provision in order to ensure high quality service delivery that meets the needs of our patients.

One of the most significant priorities in the STP is the development of locality based models of care. Here in Wolverhampton we have been working to develop new Local Place based models and our contribution to this work stream will be through embedding the learning from emerging models of care and exploring options for delivering services – particularly community (physical and mental health) services – through a multi-speciality provider and a greater focus on commissioning for outcomes. This is designed to deliver integrated care that will support improvements in access, continuity and coordination of care across primary and community care. We will use the greater responsibility for commissioning Primary Care we will assume from April 2017 as a vehicle to deliver these improvements.

### **Supporting greater integration of Health and Social Care in Wolverhampton**

The development of our plans for locality based models of care underpins our plans to work with partners from across the City to move towards greater integration of health and social care services. The vehicle through which this is being delivered is the Wolverhampton Transition Board where we will continue to come together to explore the integrated front line delivery of health and social care in Wolverhampton, with the overall objective of improving the healthcare experience and health outcomes of the local community.

The early vision is focussed on supporting people to live healthier lives (not just living longer). This will be delivered by ensuring that Wolverhampton services are joined-up and sustainable for the future. This is being guided by a range of key principles:-

- Ensuring that the health and care needs of the people of Wolverhampton is at the heart of everything we do;
- Seeing the whole person, recognising and respecting their life experience and views;
- Supporting people to receive care closer to home, improving the system so that hospital is the last resort;
- Being open and honest with the community and each other, about what we can achieve and what we cannot, and ensure we deliver what we promise;
- Working together locally and nationally, removing barriers to make people's use of services simpler and a more positive experience; and
- Making Wolverhampton a great place to work in and maintain a quality sustainable workforce, fit for the future.

This overarching vision and set of principles will continue to drive a number of thematic work programmes, overseen by the transition board. A key element of this will be our work with the City Council to support continued integration between health and social care services. Our Better Care Fund programme sets out the detailed plans for how we will achieve this through the development of multi-disciplinary community based teams and innovative use of technology and information sharing. This work has already delivered a demonstrable reduction in emergency admissions to hospital and we aim to expand on this in line with our Strategic Roadmap. Plans for 2017/18 include the expansion of community Neighbourhood teams to include mental health and paediatric services offering both a proactive and rapid response service to patients closer to home and a joint re-procurement of community equipment services with the local authority. This will result in a reduction of approximately

1500 emergency admissions to hospital, a reduction of over 2000 A&E attendances and the provision of outpatient clinics in the community being more accessible to patients. We are scoping suitable premises for the teams to be co-located across the city and have procured an IT system to enable the integrated teams to share information more easily. We will also continue to develop plans to support closer working on children's services, including continuing to support the City Council in safeguarding children.

We will continue to support this work by playing a leading role in the Wolverhampton Health and Wellbeing Board in its ongoing work to drive the Health and Wellbeing strategy for the City. As highlighted above, this includes working with our colleagues in public health to refresh the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment to ensure we fully understand the areas of need across the city and how we can work together to address the wider determinants of health and wellbeing across the city. This will include continue working in broader partnerships including public sector and third sector organisations to address issues such as housing and worklessness (particularly for people with mental health diagnoses) that have significant impacts on health outcomes.

## **Supporting the continued improvement and development of Primary Care in Wolverhampton**

Our plans for Primary Care are set out in detail in the strategy approved by the Governing Body in January 2016 and the focus through 2017/18 and 2018/19 will be implementing the extensive programme of work that is now well underway. The implementation plans underpinning delivery of the strategy recognise and respond to the many influences of NHSE's General Practice Five Year Forward View to deliver improved access to primary medical services through practices working at scale to meet the needs of their patients.

We will continue to support practices to come together as groups to meet the needs of their patients on a shared basis. There are currently four collaborative groups made up of a number of practices who are working together to provide care at scale for their local population based on National Association of Primary Care 'Primary Care Homes' and Medical Chambers models. We anticipate that, as they develop proposals for new ways of delivering care, this may rationalise into fewer groups based on appropriate patient populations that will enable the delivery of sustainable services. We anticipate that these grouping will move towards directly providing Community based services and with a close and direct link to proactive and close population health support and health management. Their approach to providing care, with additional health care professionals on hand to respond to patient presentations are intended to prevent patients losing independence and/or deteriorating without the appropriate intervention from skilled health and social care professionals. They will be open longer, offering flexibility in appointment times into the evening and on Saturdays and where necessary a level of cover on Sundays that will be closely aligned with the out of hours service that is also strengthened to accommodate periods of increased demand. This will be a transformational change for Wolverhampton and we will utilise the financial support available to support practice groups to tackle the ten high impact actions advocated by NHSE and detailed in the Primary Care strategy. We will develop a menu of support for practices/groups to develop their skills and capability to work differently from 2017, here are some examples of the types of support we are committed to providing:-

- Releasing time for care by accessing national resource and expertise to help practices adopt proven innovations quickly, safely and sustainably;
- Building capability for improvement through providing training and coaching for clinicians and managers to develop skills in leading change;
- Using funding to support the development of administrative staff to play a greater role in active signposting and managing more incoming correspondence;
- Actively enabling the use of technology for patient consultations, further strengthened by national funding that the CCG will direct towards helping GPs spend more time with those that need their attention most;
- Encouraging allegiances with community pharmacies, supporting practices to actively support patients accessing pharmacies for minor ailments and better medicines use by patients with long term conditions.
- Continuing to signpost practices towards national programmes such as the Practice Resilience Programme that will enable them to address issues and share learning.

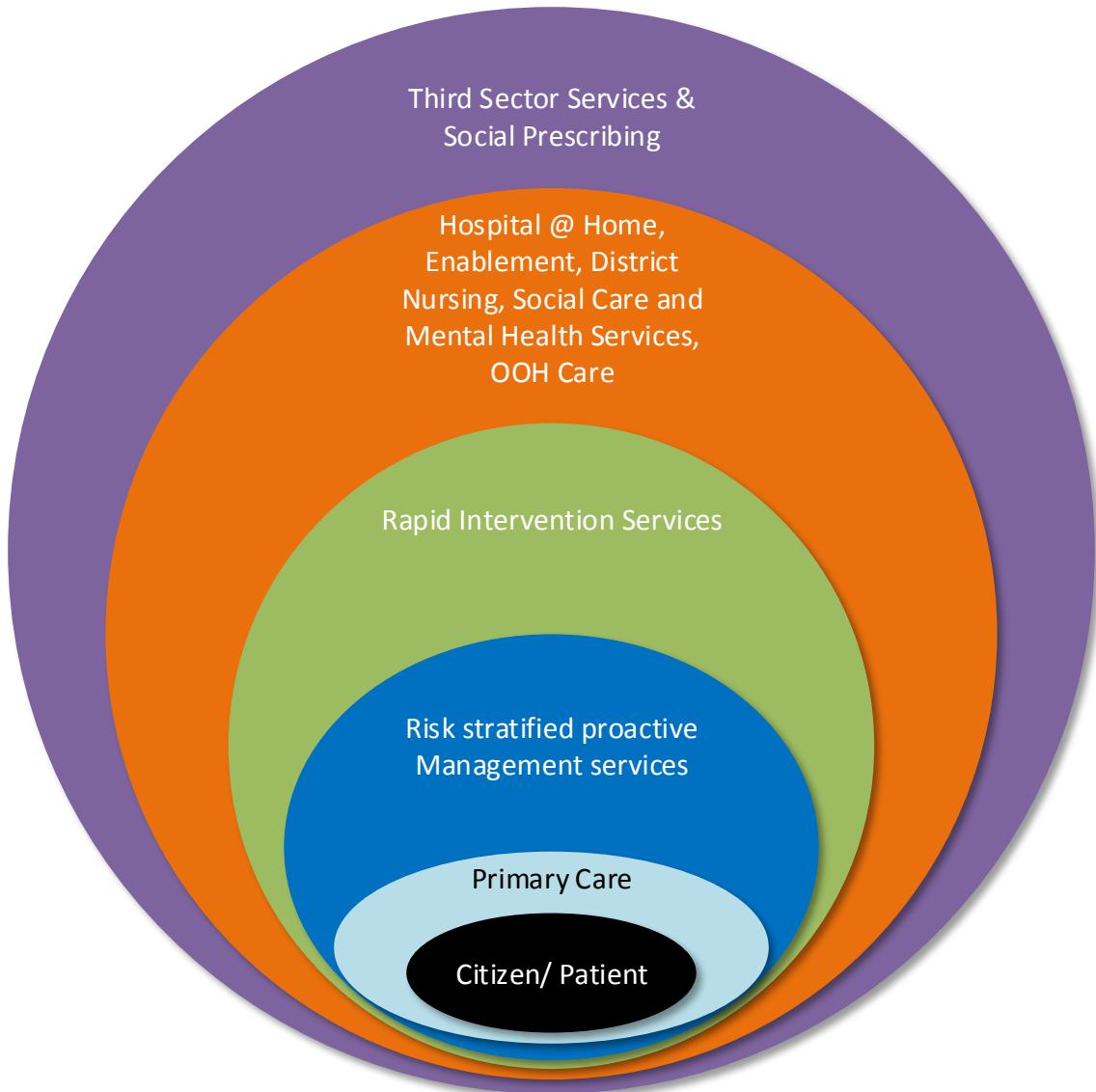
A key milestone will be reached in April 2017, when CCG embarks on a new approach to commissioning primary care in Wolverhampton, assuming fully delegated responsibility from NHSE. The CCG will purchase health care based on local population need, with particular emphasis placed on improving outcomes for patients with the most complex care needs by ensuring they receive support to meet their health needs as close to home as possible.

### **Developing new models of care to support care closer to home and avoidable admissions to hospital**

We recognise that the impact of these plans with our partners both locally and across the Black Country will be fundamental. We will work with the emerging clinical groups that we are supporting in Primary Care and the emerging Primary and Acute Care System (PACS) being led by the Royal Wolverhampton Trust (RWT) to ensure that the development of these new models focusses on health and care delivery in the best interests of people living in the City.

We will work with the developing models of care during 2017/18 to move towards increased delivery of community based services through innovative contracting approaches as national Multispecialty Community Provider (MCP) models emerge. This will be supported by new approaches to commissioning based on outcomes focussed on promoting independence and health and wellbeing that are responsive to the needs of individuals with deteriorating independence. This will support reductions in demand for services traditionally provided in the hospital setting through the provision of alternative services using shared decision-making, advice and guidance and patient choice.

These models will focus on patients and population across a range of delivery areas to reduce early deaths, improve quality of life of those living with long term conditions and reduce health inequalities. We will place patients at the heart of these delivery models, building on the services across the health economy that are already in place.



## **Meeting our Statutory Duties and Responsibilities**

Our plans to reach the strategic goals we have set both locally and across the STP footprint must be delivered within the context of meeting the duties we are accountable for. In particular we will continue to closely monitor the achievement of the outcome measures set out in the NHS Constitution and the CCG Improvement and Assessment Framework. Achieving this will require a clear response to the 9 must do's set out in the Mandate to the NHS from the Secretary of state, our plans for which are set out below. In addition, summaries of the key milestones for each of the clinical priorities in the 'must dos' are set out in Table 1.

The first two 'must dos' relate to **developing and contributing to the STP** and delivering financial plans that will **support the overall system returning to financial balance**. These provide the overall framework for achieving our strategic goals and details of how we will achieve this are detailed above. Our plans for **improving General Practice Sustainability**

**and Quality** are set out above and key milestones for these areas are set out in the table above.

## **Urgent and Emergency Care**

We will continue to work throughout 2017/18 and 2018/19 to **improve A&E Access**

**Standards** by playing a key leadership role in the local A&E Board to support delivery of a programme of work to address locally identified areas of pressure. Key deliverables for this work include nationally mandated areas such as streaming at A&E, transfer of NHS111 calls to clinicians, ambulance response, improving patient flow and discharge as well as locally identified work to ensure services in the community are available so that all appropriate activity can be diverted. We will work to better understand (and challenge where necessary) why out of area patients being conveyed to RWT, improve GP access in primary care for urgent appointments and continue work between RWT and our GP led Urgent Care Centre to build on the work already in place with the Joint integrated triage. This will deliver a consistent reduction in conveyance rates to bring Wolverhampton health economy in line with the rest of the Black Country and see increased numbers diverted to the urgent care centre, see and treat and discharge at triage.

We will also support better care for ‘Frequent Service Users’ by developing multi-disciplinary team meetings to ensuring patients receive the right treatment from the right provider at the right time, whilst reducing pressure on A&E and the Ambulance service. This will be supported by a rapid response falls service that can reach patients in their own home so they do not require conveyance to A&E and the development of suitable pathways for frail elderly patients both into and out of A&E.

We will continue to build on our robust processes and strong performance in assessing individuals who have been admitted to hospital in an emergency and are medically fit for discharge for eligibility for Continuing Health Care (CHC) funding. This will continue to minimise delayed discharges through a developing ‘discharge to assess’ model designed collaboratively with Adult social care colleagues. We will continue to work closely with both the acute trust and the local authority to take joint action to continue to ensure those patients who no longer need to be in hospital are returned to the most appropriate setting.

This work will be supported by robust implementation and monitoring in preparation for winter periods and the CCG will play a key role in supporting delivery of the A&E Board’s Winter Plans.

Following a joint re-procurement during 2016/17, NHS111 services are now with GP Out of Hours (OOH) services delivered in each CCG footprint, alongside a clinical hub with a multidisciplinary skill mix including; mental health nurse, dental nurse, pharmacy and GP.

All CCGs across the West Midlands will work together to ensure this new integrated model of care is embedded into each CCG area. This includes significant work with all OOH providers to ensure IT systems are integrated and that patients can transition between services without impacting negatively on the patient experience/outcome.

This new integrated model is the first of its kind and will be closely monitored by SWB CCG as the lead commissioner, alongside leads from each CCG, to ensure it puts patient care as

the priority. Building on this, opportunities for further integration with other providers (i.e. Ambulance Services). This will be a key priority going forward into 2017/18 with the aim to reduce inappropriate NHS111 ambulance dispatches and we will also continue to ensure that our local urgent care strategy aligns with the collaborative work across the West Midlands.

## **Elective services**

We will continue to support improvement against and maintenance of the NHS Constitution standards that more than 92 percent of patients on non-emergency pathways wait no more than 18 weeks from **referral to treatment**, including offering patient choice. We will continue to monitor performance against this standard closely both at headline and specialty level. Where performance is failing we will work with providers to put remedial action plans into place and use contract monitoring processes to ensure improvements. Action plans in place are underpinned by transformational plans, reviews of elective pathways, and alternative models such as pre-assessment clinics, all of which will impact positively upon elective care.

We will continue to support access to Advice and Guidance functionality within e-referral systems to enable GPs to seek advice on the appropriateness of referrals and identify any alternative pathways. In addition, we will continue to embed clinically developed templates/care plans within GP clinical systems and Clinical Assessment Services for specific specialities to ensure consistency and a best practice approach. This will support our demand management plan to manage referral activity and provide best practice guidance.

We will use the 2017/18 CQUIN and payment changes to deliver patient choice of first outpatient appointment, and achieve 100% of use of e-referrals by no later than April 2018. We will continue to support GP practices with a low utilisation of ERS by offering training and advice to practice staff to ensure they offer choice at the point of referral and how to best utilise ERS to deliver this. Following an audit alongside RWT to identify practices that processing paper-based and email referrals practices will be advised to ensure multiple choice options are presented to all patients at the point of referral. Practices will continue to be challenged over referral processes and to ensure they are using best practice.

The CCG will continue to streamline elective care pathways, including through outpatient redesign and avoiding unnecessary follow-ups. This programme has already delivered a number of outpatient redesign activities including Dermatology and Ophthalmology services; elements of both are now delivered closer to patients' homes in community settings where safe and appropriate. We will continue to build on this - during 2017/18 we will embed a recently redesigned outpatient services across five acute specialties (Trauma and Orthopaedics, Physiotherapy, Rheumatology, Pain management and Orthotics) to deliver an integrated, community based, Musculoskeletal (MSK) service. This will reduce unnecessary hospital attendances and subsequent follows-ups whilst providing care closer to home and reducing waiting times. In addition, we are seeking to benchmark our local acute service with comparable services elsewhere to identify and understand unwarranted variation; we will then proactively work with our Trust to reduce unwarranted variation and improve quality. Areas we are currently working on include Gynaecology and Ophthalmology and we plan to include Trauma & Orthopaedics and General Surgery during 2017/18 and 2018/19. As part

of our commissioning intentions for 2017/18 we have set out areas we have already identified where work is required to ensure the balance between quality of service provision and cost is aligned. This includes dietitian services, neurological inpatient services, wound care pathways, anti-coagulation service and End of Life and Palliative care (further details of this are set out in our recently approved End of Life strategy).

All of this work will be informed by and align with emerging plans with our STP partners to develop collaborative commissioning arrangements to reduce variation and drive up quality across the Black Country.

## Cancer Services

Our plans to support delivery of the NHS **62 day cancer waiting standard** will be delivered through a cross sector Strategy implementation group that includes public health representation. This group will work in partnership with all providers to undertake system wide reviews of current capacity to identify diagnostic capacity gaps. We will commission sufficient capacity to ensure 85% of patients continue to meet the 62 day standard by implementing plans to improve productivity and close the gaps identified.

The group support improvements in the uptake of screening programmes for breast, bowel and cervical cancer and support prevention through strengthening existing tobacco controls and smoking cessation services to support a reduction in smoking prevalence below 13% nationally by 2020. We recognise that a key factor to address is improving uptake of screening and prevention amongst the City's Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) population and we will be working with the City's diverse populations to identify and remove barriers to screening services and develop and deliver targeted interventions/promotions to encourage uptake amongst this patient cohort.

More broadly we will drive earlier diagnosis by implementing National Institute for Clinical Excellence (NICE) referral guidelines, which reduce the threshold of risk for triggering urgent cancer referrals and increasing provision of GP direct access to key investigative tests for suspected cancer. The Strategy group will develop work programmes to work in partnership with Primary Care to identify barriers to implementing the NICE guideline and developing solutions based on mitigation of any associated risks and develop programmes of pathway reviews/redesigns to establish direct to test pathways based on best practice.

The Strategy group will ensure:-

- All patients have a holistic needs assessment and care plan at the point of diagnosis and at the end of treatment;
- A summary of the care plan is sent to the patient's GP at the end of treatment; and
- That a cancer care review is completed by the GP within six months of a cancer diagnosis.

In particular, we will ensure all breast cancer patients have access to stratified follow up pathways of care and we will be working to prepare to roll out for prostate and colorectal cancer patients. We will also work to ensure that all patients have access to clinical key workers as appropriate.

## Mental Health

Our work to achieve and maintain **access standards for Mental Health** will be based on the development of Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) services that respond to local need and prevalence to reduce the impact of anxiety and depression upon individuals, families and communities. We will target low areas of referral across our localities and communities and continue to pilot methods of self-referral, triage and group therapy to move entrants through treatment and into recovery. Working with the national support team and our provider we will continue to revise our service model to ensure national standards for treatment are implemented so that at least 19% of people with anxiety and depression access treatment, with the majority of the increase from the baseline of 15% to be integrated with primary care.

We will continue to work with local voluntary and community, adult education providers, health providers and public health colleagues to develop a suite of interventions that can support our IAPT services by developing self-efficacy and resilience building initiatives. This will support the mental health of the general public in Wolverhampton as well people with low level mental health needs including those in seldom heard groups such as LGBT, unemployed people and people on benefits and the developing needs of young adults. We will also focus on the needs of people from BME groups – again especially for people in transition to adulthood – and will include initiatives as part of our Resilience and Suicide Prevention Plan that will address school and work place bullying and cyber safety. We will also continue to support the Local Authority as Lead Partner in our City's HeadStart pilot, implementing learning where possible across Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) and Adult Mental Health Services to support early intervention and prevention.

We will deliver parity of esteem by implementing key performance indicators that improve standards for access to services. We will do this across our commissioned portfolio of mental health services for children and young people, adults and older people's services, and ensure that these are aligned with standards and performance targets regarding access to, and waiting times for physical health services. Our Integrated Urgent and Planned Care Pathways will focus on improving service user and carer experience, responding pro-actively and with compassion and professionalism to people at risk of or in mental health crisis and key initiatives such as reducing detentions under Section 136 of the Mental Health Act. We will focus on preventing mental health crisis by delivering our planned care pathway service re-design which will:-

- Work across providers and secondary mental health services to keep people with severe mental illness well, preventing relapse and reducing re-admissions.
- Improve clinical outcomes with a focus on waiting times, clinical outcomes (including for patients with dual diagnosis involving substance misuse) and time to diagnosis in Early Intervention in Psychosis
- Re-settle people out of nursing and residential and hospital based care into stable supported accommodation suitable to their needs with personalised care plans with one lead professional.

We will commission a care pathway across primary and secondary care to tackle the premature mortality of people with mental health problems. This will be aligned with health facilitation development and implementation within Learning Disability services and will

include access to healthy lifestyle support and advice, including smoking cessation services for people with severe mental illness. We will also continue to improve patient experience and outcomes regarding access to essential health checks, focussing on those with severe mental illness. We will align these initiatives with locally developed care pathways and procedures regarding dual diagnosis to ensure that the mortality risks of people with mental illness who misuse substances such as alcohol and drugs are pro-actively managed and reduced.

Our planned mental health care pathway will focus upon providing a stable housing environment for people with high levels of need so that they can achieve sustained recovery and therefore improved outcomes such as: access to education and employment, improved levels of physical health and fitness, reduced relapse, crisis and re-admission rates, improved quality of life and increased life expectancy. This will be aligned with our revised commissioned model across Children and Young People's Mental Health Services – including for those aged up to 25 years - which has been developed collaboratively with the Local Authority to move away from commissioning based on tiers of service towards a focus on outcomes. This will deliver:-

- Access into services – including commissioning of a Single Point Of Access (SPA);
- Increased capacity and revised service model in CAMHS Crisis Resolution Home Treatment;
- Multi-agency working across health, education and social care including specific care Pathways for Looked After Children; and
- Transition into Adult Services and consideration of 'all age approaches' including Care Pathways for young people aged 18-25 years.

Our strategy focuses upon re-aligning our spend across our service model to achieve best possible clinical outcomes. We will deliver the plans set out in our commissioning intentions to re-align services to achieve the best benefit from new initiatives, transition people into primary care and deliver improvements in quality and efficiency.

## Learning Disability Services

We will continue with our robust plans for **transforming care for people with learning disabilities** by delivering against our transforming care plan, which has been developed in partnership with other commissioners across the Black Country. We will implement building the right support as a model of care and support by developing a standardised approach to the monitoring of recommendations and outcomes from Care and Treatment Reviews (CTR) and future health and social care planning. This will be achieved by agreeing standard outcome measures and Key Performance Indicators for all Inpatient services including a standardised 'out of hospital pathway' for all ages to facilitate timely discharge with appropriate quality assured support services. We will also develop creative alternatives to admission and increase the uptake of personal health budgets and embed positive behaviour support as standard practice.

This will deliver an overall reduction in the number of inpatients who have a learning disability and/or an autistic spectrum disorder throughout 2017/18 and 2018/19, which will mean we will be able to reduce bed capacity in line with national targets by March 2019 to

six beds commissioned by the CCG and 17 commissioned by NHSE. We will work in close collaboration with both local commissioners and NHSE to deliver these improvements and to align budgets and funding streams to assure delivery. This work will also be underpinned by efforts to support improvements in the number of people with learning disabilities receiving an annual health check through closer working with primary care services.

## Quality

All of this work will be focussed on improving outcomes for patients by making **improvements in quality**. We will continue to use our established quality assurance framework to monitor clinical quality across all sectors where we have a responsibility or duty in accordance with the Health and Social Care Act 2012 and the NHS Constitution that clearly advocates the rights and pledges of staff working in the NHS and those patients receiving care. Each of the sectors we are responsible for are clearly defined and reliant upon a consistent focus on the 3 domains of clinical quality i.e. safety, experience and effectiveness as first set out by Lord Darzi in the NHS Next Stage Review (2008) placing quality at the heart of everything the NHS does and emphasises the patients right to high quality care.

We will continue to work in partnership with providers whilst ensuring that evidence-based, safe, high quality services are delivered. Locally we will continue to develop and improve the ways in which we are monitoring patient quality, safety, experience and the effectiveness of our service providers. During 2017/18, as we assume greater responsibility for the Commissioning of Primary Care, our focus in this area will increase. This will include working with our colleagues in Public Health and NHSE to continue to embed our jointly developed models for contract and quality monitoring. We will also continue to support practices in meeting their assurance requirements for the Care Quality Commission (CQC). We will also ensure that plans to develop the workforce in Primary Care will deliver improvements in quality by moving towards a more flexible workforce with a range of skills that facilitates the most appropriate use of clinical time.

We will use our trigger and escalation model, based on four defined levels of concern that may arise and the corresponding actions that will be applied to seek assurance that circumstantial change has been appropriately managed and appropriate control measures have been put in place in response to the level of concern. At operational level the escalation model will be assigned to each of the CCGs commissioned providers reflecting the level of concern and corresponding level of response that has been applied and will be reflected in assurance reports provided to the Quality & Safety Committee. It is important to note that the application of the model is underpinned by a collaborative approach to managing concerns pertaining to clinical quality that may be driven by activity and performance that constitutes concern about the quality of care patients may be receiving. A co-ordinated approach among teams within the CCG will be deployed to prevent replication and inconsistency of understanding and communication with the provider. There will be a continued focus on triangulating all available sources of intelligence, including patient and carer feedback and experience to support the rigorous and consistent application of the model to ensure the focus remains on providing assurance services we commission are delivering improvements in quality.

Specific areas of focus for 2017/18 will include the continuation of our cross health economy approach to reducing Healthcare Acquired Infection rates, which have been an issue for our local trust in the past. Significant progress has been made through this collaborative approach and we will continue our efforts to ensure that this continues. In particular, we will focus on efforts to reduce antimicrobial resistance across Wolverhampton. We will also continue with our work with care homes in the city to improve the quality of care and reduce variations in the skills of staff. 2017/18 will be year 2 of our focussed improvement plan in this area that aims to support the CCG's strategic priorities by supporting homes to deliver the right care to ensure only those residents who need to are admitted to hospital and links into our plans for closer integration with adult social care and our end of life strategy and will feed into broader work across the STP to ensure the quality of care in care homes supports the reduction of emergency admissions across the area.

**Table 1 – Clinical ‘Must Do’ Priority Plans**

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
<b>STP</b>						
Local Place Based Models of Care	Support the development of new models of Primary Care delivery through emerging MCP and PACS models		1. Provide support to emerging MCP groups to establish formal groupings and develop proposals for service delivery. 2. Work alongside developing PACS model with RWT and associated practices to share learning and support service improvements 3. Work with appropriate clinical input to develop local Quality Outcomes Framework to be implemented through fully delegated commissioning arrangements. 4. Work to support the development of risk adjusted capitated budgets 5 Implement performance dashboard(s) consistently across each care model to determine extent of improvement in patient outcomes, reduced demand and variation in health care provision.	Beginning of integration of primary and community services. New innovative models of service delivery commissioned by CCG. Fully delegated primary care commissioning arrangements using locally developed Quality Outcomes Framework (QOF) to support improvement in new services. Shadow year for risk adjusted capitated budgets.  Primary & community services commissioned based on identified need within commissioning intentions includes the shift continued shift of services from hospital to community settings where clinically appropriate.	<b>STP Assurance</b> <b>Better Health:</b> Reduction in Long Term Condition (LTC) prevalence, % deaths in hospital & social isolation; increase in people with LTC feeling supported.  <b>Better Care:</b> Improved access, coordination of care, and patient experience of GP, community and other placed-based services, such as maternity provision and end of life care services  Clinical outcomes will be improved via Multi Disciplinary Teams (MDTs), LTC care pathways and standardising access to care	RightCare to support identification of Clinical priority areas. GP Forward View to support development of new models of care.
	Closer integration of Out of Hospital health and social care services		1. Continue delivery of innovative approaches to community services through Better Care Fund including use of MDT, Rapid Response services and Social Prescribing to support more effective care closer to home. 2. Implementing 7 day services, including working with RWT as an exemplar site 3. Continuing to work with Wolverhampton Transition Board to develop and implement system wide vision for improving care together.		Patient experience improves through co-production & patient activation; and by delivering more efficient care and preventative services to reduce the necessity for ongoing provision as time progresses  Safety/quality of the service will be safeguarded through standardised access and pathways; improved communication and reducing variation  <b>Sustainability:</b> Resource sustainability will be realised through changing culture and behaviours, increased efficiency and improved staff retention  Reduction in emergency bed days, admissions for ACSC, and use of acute beds, nursing and social care placements	Better Care Fund Programme
Efficiency at scale through extended hospital collaboration	At scale efficiencies beyond the reach of the reach of individual providers, through coordinated action to develop networked and/or consolidated	Individual approaches to Trust CIPs.  Existing collaboration through Black	1. Develop shared/single service plans for acute specialities with particular opportunities/ challenges 2. Develop new models of care to support specialised services incl. cancer/vascular 3. Develop options for delivering efficiency in pathology services	Complete Midland Metropolitan Hospital development  Implement new models of care to support specialised services  Implement preferred option(s) for pathology	<b>Better Care</b> Reduced variation in care and improved outcomes  <b>Sustainability</b> Delivery of >2% CIPs £189m net savings (excluding	Clinical Service Review Better Care, Better Value  Consolidation of back office & pathology

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	models of secondary care provision.	Country Alliance. Multi-site specialty provision.	4. Commission for Quality in Care Homes 5. Delivery of individual CIPs	Commission for quality in care homes Delivery of individual CIPs	additional workforce and infrastructure savings)	services and re-provision of unsustainable services
Improving Mental Health and Learning Disabilities	Maximising regional system wide approaches to improve efficiency and outcomes for patients with mental health needs.	Multiple commissioning approaches  Black Country Transforming Care Partnership (TCP) established  Significant out of area placements  Transforming Care Together programme established  MERIT vanguard established	Continue to work in line with the CCG's Mental Health Strategy to develop and support new pathways and services (see further detail below)		<b>Better Health</b> Improved access to mental health and mental well-being initiatives, care pathways and services across the life span, reducing levels of complexity and chronicity including physical ill health and improving quality of life and life chances and opportunities.	Transforming Care Partnership
	Build the right support for Learning Disabilities		1. Review and re-design community pathways for supporting people 2. Review and redesign inpatient services in line with the national Transforming Care guidelines 3. Deliver targeted workforce, provider and family training to support new models of care		<b>Better Care</b> Improved access to health and social care driven initiatives across all statutory and non-statutory key stakeholder partners and agencies, aligned with West Midlands Combined Authority Mental Health Commission deliverables including focus on primary care and also mental well-being and the wider determinants of mental ill-health in individuals, families and communities.	Transforming Care Together
	Improve bed utilisation and stop out of area treatments		1. Maximise capacity management within CCG and provider functions 2. Review of urgent care pathway across Black Country and implementation of 5YFV recommendations in line with local service transformation plan review.		<b>Sustainability</b> £20m net savings. Transformed outcomes and experience and reducing demand of high levels and types of need on mental and physical health secondary and tertiary services, optimising recovery and developing and delivering initiatives to increase capability in Primary Care and Third and Voluntary Sector services.	MERIT vanguard
	Deliver the Combined Authority Mental Health Challenges		1. Implement and deliver Mental Health Waiting Times and Access Standards 2. Develop and implement a targeted demand reduction plan (incl. substance misuse/suicide & homicides; and addressing wider determinants e.g. MH supported housing)			
	Deliver extended efficiencies through TCT Partnership		1.Implementation of approved projects			
Improving Maternal and Infant Health	To achieve a sustainable model of maternal and neonatal care, improving outcomes for mothers and babies across the Black Country	Multiple commissioning approaches  Multi-site provision  Capacity challenges	1.Implement the recommendation of the Cumberlege report		<b>Better Health</b> Improved maternal health and infant mortality outcomes	Better Births
			2.Develop an STP wide network for sharing intelligence and best practice on maternal, neonatal and infant health		<b>Better Care</b> Sustainable options for future delivery of standardised care; reflective of national direction – Better Births; access, choice and empowerment	Healthy Pregnancy Pathway
			3.Develop a Black Country Healthy preconception and pregnancy pathway that addresses risk factors associated with poor maternal, infant and child health outcomes	Implement and embed Black Country Healthy preconception and pregnancy pathway	<b>Sustainability</b> Effective pre-conception care; Healthy pregnancy pathway; Neo-natal pathway; Normalisation agenda for delivery	Neo-natal care pathway
			4. Identify opportunities for system wide action on the wider determinants of health	Implement actions linked to wider determinants of health		Maternal mental health pathway
			5. Model maternity capacity projections across the Black Country and develop options for delivery	Implement preferred option(s) for delivery		
			6. Ensure best practice arrangements for			

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,	
			birth agenda, improving maternity safety outcome across the Black Country				
<b>Finance</b>							
Deliver CCG organisational control total to support local system financial control totals.	Long Term Financial Model in place to deliver control totals during life time of plan	All details of the long term financial model are included in the detailed financial plans which accompany this narrative plan.					
	Contracts in place with providers based on financial plans	Contracts agreed by 23 December 2016	1. Contracts in place	2. Monitor Contractual performance	Contracts in place QIPP Plan delivery Control total delivered	RightCare QIPP STP	
	QIPP Plans in place and agreed in contracts with providers		3. Agree any variations to contracts as required				
Implement local STP plans to moderate demand growth and increase provider efficiencies	Financial plans aligned with STP plans and assumptions  Local delivery plans aligned with STP priorities	Details set out in delivery plans below			Savings Identified in STP delivered in line with local plans	STP Must Do Delivery Plans Outlined below	
Implementing demand reduction measures to support financial sustainability	Implement RightCare opportunities within QIPP programme  Develop options for Elective care redesign  Urgent and emergency care reform  New pathways and services that support self-care and prevention  Implementation of new population based health care models, including PACS and MCPs  Medicines Optimisation  Improving the management of continuing healthcare processes	Financial plans are aligned with the detailed delivery plans for each of these areas which are set out below.			QIPP Programme delivery of savings and priorities Delivery of specific plans to implement demand reduction in Urgent Care, Primary Care, Elective Care, Cancer, Mental Health and Learning Disability Services	STP Rightcare Strategic Demand Management Plan Must Do Delivery Plans Outlined Below	
Supporting Provider Efficiency measures	See STP plan for details	Details set out in detailed financial plans and STP 'Must Do'			Delivery of Provider CIPs in line with STP plans	STP Provider CIP plans	

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
<b>Primary care</b>						
Investment & Care Redesign - Commitment to Strengthen General Practice	Improve access to general practice	Variation among practices for patients trying to access the services their practice offer.	<p>1. Introduce single telephone number for each group of practices to manage appointments/communications with patients.</p> <p>2. Fund a minimum 30 minute additional consultation capacity per 1,000 population, rising to 45 minutes per 1,000 population.</p> <p>3. Fund extended opening until 8.00 pm using recurring funding from GP Access Funding Scheme offering pre bookable &amp; same day appointments.</p> <p>4. Fund extended opening including weekends ie Saturdays &amp; Sundays offering pre bookable &amp; same day appointments.</p> <p>5. Identify improvements required in relation to system resilience (National 7 Day Services Campaign - Clinical Standard 9 Transfer to Community, Primary &amp; Social Care</p>	<p>Develop telephone system as practice groups become more established including additional services and information to aid information in navigating the care system.</p> <p>Fund additional consultation capacity 45 minutes per 1,000 population through national funding streams.</p> <p>1. Further extended opening within groups based on demand/need following review of effectiveness of 2017/18 arrangements using national funding streams .</p> <p>2. With increased opening there will be wider service provision ie care navigation, clinical pharmacist, practice nurse, physiotherapy etc coupled with the work of the Community Neighbourhood Team providing care to patients 7 days a week in addition to support from the Rapid Response Team.</p> <p>3. Continuously improve how practice groups work in collaboration with stakeholders 7 days a week including community and social services to maintain a resilient health system in Wolverhampton.</p>	<p>Practices contacted by a single telephone number</p> <p>Streamlined management of patient appointments with a variety of professionals, care navigation &amp; information/advice.</p> <p>Improved patient experience that will be measured by Patient and Public Involvement Groups (PPGs) &amp; Primary Care Team.</p> <p>Services advertised to patients on practice websites, practices &amp; urgent care centre providing clear instructions on how to access appointments.</p> <p>Dedicated funding available to enable extended opening through 17/18 &amp; 18/19.</p> <p>Practices open at least one late evening &amp; access to a GP on Saturday mornings.</p> <p>Evidence of patients being able to access same day &amp; pre-bookable appointments in the evening &amp; weekends that are provided on a group (hub) basis.</p> <p>Reduced attendances at A&amp;E.</p> <p>Change in patient behaviour making their pharmacy and/or practice/group their first port of call for healthcare as per the Choose Well Campaign.</p>	CCG Primary Care Strategy GP5YFV
General Practice consultation software systems	Some telephone & text consultations but no online consultations taking place		<p>1. Roll out standardised approach at group level to telephone/text consultations that is co-produced with patients (April – July 2017→)</p> <p>2. Introduce online/email consultations (April 2017 - July 2017→)</p> <p>3. Introduce skype consultations (April 2017→) in line with national program</p> <p>4. Ensure consultation types are measured via clinical systems &amp; information reviewed regularly at group level to ensure new ways of working are improving access &amp; demonstrating efficiency &amp; clinical effectiveness.</p>	<p>1. Review effectiveness &amp; ongoing engagement with PPGs and patients responding to GP Survey Feedback where levels of satisfaction haven't improved.</p> <p>2. As above and ensure consistent provision among practices/teams.</p> <p>3. As above and overcome barriers to providing a range of consultation types.</p> <p>4. As above and review clinical effectiveness of practice / group teams and working at scale from April 2018 to ensure new ways of working continue to be embedded.</p>	<p>PPGs &amp; Patients engaged in discussions about consultation types. Demonstrable evidence of how their feedback has been used to co-produce a standardised approach to providing a variety of consultation types.</p> <p>Consultations taking place via telephone, text, email &amp; skype.</p> <p>Aspire to achieve 40% reduction in face to face (on site consultations with GPs or seen by other healthcare professional).</p> <p>Improved patient satisfaction levels.</p> <p>Efficient use of GP time &amp; shift of activity to other members of the</p>	GP Survey CCG Primary Care Strategy GP5YFV

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
			5. Monitor & review consultation types, utilisation & effectiveness for each group to ensure consistent provision & improved patient satisfaction.	5. As above and ensure through citywide patient engagement event(s) that patient satisfaction levels are improving, hard to reach groups are engaging & information sharing among practices/teams is demonstrating safe and effective care.	practice team. PPG engagement & feedback about patient satisfaction (all practices surveyed) Group Level (Interactive) Patient Engagement Event with voting buttons utilised to confirm extent of satisfaction. Information sharing review/audit Qualitative information ie including complaints, serious incidents & new guidance.	
	Training Care Navigators and medical assistants for all practices	Care navigation isn't understood nor implemented at practice/ group level	Funding received £23k, spend by end of March 2017 Plan developed in liaison with LMC Training rollout February/March 2017 Oversight of new skills at practice/ group level	Benefits realisation review based on information collected at practice/ group level, overseen my Practice Managers & the Primary Care Team.	Receptionists and/or Clinical Pharmacists receiving & coding hospital letters. GP's having more time to spend with patients who need their attention most.	CCG Primary Care Strategy & GP5YFV
	Practice Resilience Programme	1 Practice confirmed on program 2 Practice have expressed an interest	Practices from each group completing the programme. Learning from participation shared with fellow practices within the group. Change in behaviour/clinical practice.	Further nominations for practices to take part in the programme preferably focussing on areas that haven't been covered by other practices who have completed the programme.	Resilient practice groups who not only foresee operational difficulties but also manage risks & problems proactively based on their new skills & confidence.	CCG Primary Care Strategy & GP5YFV
Growing the General Practice Workforce to meet the needs of the future models with innovation at the heart of design and delivery	General Practitioner Trainees	1 Aging Population of GPs 2 Lack of investment GP workforce in previous years	1. Primary Care Workforce Program of Work (Year 1) review need/demand & identify new ways of working including recruiting additional GPs where required.  2. Develop training & educational opportunities developing career pathways in General Practice.  3. Emphasis on recruiting trainees & retaining new & existing workforce. 4. Scope possibility of 'Fellows' recruited with portfolio careers across acute and primary care.	1. Sustain action taken to date & complete year 2 of program of work.  2. Continued investment in training & development career pathways in General Practice.  3. Continued recruitment & retention of GPs & Trainees.	Additional GPs where identified/foreseen gaps were evident. Wolverhampton Recruitment Fair showcasing clinical/non clinical roles in Primary Care commencing 2017 & at annual intervals thereafter. Pro-active workforce plans within each group. Sustained resilience of clinical teams within each group.	CCG Primary Care Strategy & GP5YFV
	Clinical Pharmacists	New Role Intra-Health involved in National Pilot	1. Adopt a standardised approach to introducing the role across each practice group.  2. CCG part fund Clinical Pharmacist Role across each practice group.  3. Mid year review to determine impact/ clinical effectiveness.	1. Review impact of role & identify suitability/ sustainability as part of wider clinical team.  2. Continued part funding (reduction) for Clinical Pharmacist Role across each practice group.  3. Strive for continuous improvement at practice/ group level demonstrating the impact & effectiveness of the role.	Clinical Pharmacist Role within each practice group as per national guidance. Part funding arrangement between CCG & practice group(s).	CCG Primary Care Strategy & GP5YFV
	Associate Practitioners	None at present, new role.	Introduce role within training practices, ideally each practice group.	Review benefits realisation & clinical effectiveness with a view to wider rollout across practice groups.	Qualified Associate Practitioners recruited & retained within each practice group. Trainee placements offered by practices.	
	Nurse Associate	None at present	Three training placements secured, due to	Secure additional training placements to	Nurse Associates within in practice	

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
			commence in 2017. complete in year.	strengthen sustainability across each practice group.	group functioning as part of the a practice team.	
	None at present	Scoping across primary care, social care and acute provider with University of Wolverhampton	Secure places from primary care and social care to encourage more innovative ways of developing the future workforce	Apprenticeship opportunities are realised so that after completion the apprentice chooses to work in primary care hubs	Apprenticeships across Health & Social Care	
	Mental Health Therapists	Scoping at present – some in place	<p>1. Identify resource requirements &amp; recruit sufficient Mental Health Therapists in line with National Guidance.</p> <p>2. CCG part fund Mental Health Therapist Role across each practice group.</p>	<p>1. Continued investment in Mental Health Therapists.</p> <p>2. Review effectiveness of Mental Health Therapist ie clinical outcomes, impact on reducing demand on hospital services &amp; integration within practice group team.</p>	<p>Mental Health Therapists recruited to work in practices with patients in their local communities.</p> <p>Mental Health Therapist role embedded with practice clinical teams.</p> <p>Improved outcomes for patients as a result of improved specialist access to Mental Health expertise.</p>	
Support STP priority to develop local place based care	Support the development of new models of Primary Care delivery through emerging MCP and PACS models		<p>1. Provide support to emerging MCP groups to establish formal groupings and develop proposals for service delivery.</p> <p>2. Work alongside developing PACS model with RWT and associated practices to share learning and support service improvements</p> <p>3. Work with appropriate clinical input to develop local Quality Outcomes Framework to be implemented through fully delegated commissioning arrangements.</p> <p>4. Work to support the development of risk adjusted capitated budgets</p> <p>5. Implement performance dashboard(s) consistently across each care model to determine extent of improvement in patient outcomes, reduced demand and variation in health care provision.</p>	<p>Beginning of integration of primary and community services. New innovative models of service delivery commissioned by CCG. Fully delegated primary care commissioning arrangements using locally developed Quality Outcomes Framework to support improvement in new services.</p> <p>Shadow year for risk adjusted capitated budgets.</p>	See details in Must Do 1 – STP Section	RightCare to support identification of Clinical priority areas. GP Forward View to support development of new models of care.
	Optimise the health of residents in care homes	Primary In-reach Team, Rapid Response Team & Community Geriatrician Services already in place  CCG Plan on a Page for Care Homes including Care	<p>1. Enhanced primary care support will continue based on the work of the Primary In-Reach Team to ensure all homes have consistent GP &amp; primary care cover</p> <p>2. Risk stratification of high risk patients with care plans introduced by Community Neighbourhood Teams and/or Rapid Intervention Team in liaison with health and social care stakeholders. Strong emphasis on maintaining and achieving independence following episode(s) of ill health.</p>	<p>1. Ensure sufficient primary care support and risk stratification continues to be effective in supporting patients in greatest need &amp; promoting independence.</p> <p>2. Sustained improvement in health of patients in care homes in line with the CCGs Plan on a Page.</p>	<p>Sustained reduction in admissions to hospital from care homes in the city. Consistent care for care home residents regardless of the source of funding.</p> <p>High quality end of life care in line with the health economy strategy. Reduced length of stay in care homes where reasonably achievable. Care co-ordination &amp; planning that is patient centred &amp; improvements evidenced by patient feedback on experiences of care provided by health &amp; social care professionals.</p>	Enhanced Health in Care Homes Framework Citywide End of Life Strategy  Citywide Dementia Strategy CCG Clinical Quality Strategy CCG Primary Care Strategy

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
			<p>3. Year 2 of PROSPER project in collaboration with Walsall CCG &amp; West Midlands Patient Safety Collaborative Funding to improve patient safety &amp; care standards in care homes &amp; workforce capability &amp; sustainability.</p> <p>4. Continued integration of health &amp; social care delivered via Community Neighbourhood Teams.</p>	<p>3. Fully integrated commissioning of health &amp; social care teams.</p> <p>4. Sustained improvement in data collection &amp; information sharing care quality.</p>	Better utilisation of technology in care homes.	
<b>Urgent and Emergency Care</b>						
A&E Plan Rapid Implementation Guidance: Streaming to Ambulatory Care and Primary Care from A&E	<b>All key deliverables will be fully implemented by end of 2016/17 resulting in 100% compliance.</b>  <b>Areas already achieved:</b> Co-located urgent care centre was opened in April 16. Joint integrated triage function commenced 1 Sept 2016. Co-located psychiatric liaison mental health service with 1 hour response time is in place.  Physician A model means that acute medical referrals are managed via the Emergency portal and not directly to AMU Referrals to Gynaecology, General Surgery and Head and Neck can all be via assessment areas. 7/7 services are available for the review of all patients in the assessment areas.  RWT has protocols in place for admissions for stroke, fractured neck of femur, renal and cardiac patients	100%	<p>All actions will be delivered in 2016/17, however on-going monitoring of the implementation and impact will take place, monitored by the AE Operational Group and AE Delivery Board.</p> <p>All actions aim to deliver the AE 95% target. The work programme is subject to annual review, best practice implementation, learning from other areas and the activity/demand profile for the health economy.</p> <p>Alongside this, revised priorities will be nationally mandated in 2017/18 to enable on-going improvement in service delivery and performance outcomes</p>	On-going monitoring and evaluation. Alongside this, revised priorities will be identified locally and nationally mandated in 2017/18 to enable on-going improvement in service delivery and performance outcomes	Fully completed actions and achievement of the 95% performance target	UECN, STPs, AE Delivery Boards and Primary Care Strategy

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	<p>should that be required</p> <p>Patient who require isolation are not admitted directly to ward area unless agreed with IP. Rapid response team in Emergency Department and Clinical Decision Unit is able to liaise with Community Intermediate Care Team (CICT) and Home Assisted Risk Programme (HARP) teams.</p> <p>CICT able to accept referrals within 2 hours. HARP team not able to accept referrals in 2 hours,</p> <p>Transport is available 24/7 – via West Midlands Ambulance Service non-emergency transport</p>					

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
A&E Plan Rapid Implementation Guidance: Increase the % of calls transferred to a clinical advisor	<b>All key deliverables will be fully implemented by end of 2016/17 resulting in 100% compliance.</b>  The NHS111 service is live from 8 November. This priority area will be achieved as the new service provision will include the Clinical Hub	100%		On-going monitoring and evaluation.  Alongside this, revised priorities will be identified locally and nationally mandated in 2017/18 to enable on-going improvement in service delivery and performance outcomes	Fully completed actions and achievement of the 95% performance target	UECN, STPs, AE Delivery Boards and Primary Care Strategy
A&E Plan Rapid Implementation Guidance: Ambulance Response Programme	<b>All key deliverables will be fully implemented by end of 2016/17 resulting in 100% compliance.</b>  All key actions aligned to this priority are in place.	100%		On-going monitoring and evaluation.  Alongside this, revised priorities will be identified locally and nationally mandated in 2017/18 to enable on-going improvement in service delivery and performance outcomes	Fully completed actions and achievement of the 95% performance target	UECN, STPs, AE Delivery Boards and Primary Care Strategy
A&E Plan Rapid Implementation Guidance: Improved Patient Flow	<b>All key deliverables will be fully implemented by end of 2016/17 resulting in 100% compliance.</b>  Areas already achieved: SAFER bundle is in use across the Trust and monitored via the use of safe hands.  Baseline of EDD completed (using safehands). EDD set by huddles. Consistency of application  Ward checklists been in place and adapted following PWC visit in Feb	100%		On-going monitoring and evaluation.  Alongside this, revised priorities will be identified locally and nationally mandated in 2017/18 to enable on-going improvement in service delivery and performance outcomes	Fully completed actions and achievement of the 95% performance target	UECN, STPs, AE Delivery Boards and Primary Care Strategy

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	<b>Outstanding work areas to be completed 2016/17</b>  Consistency of application – review of the use of EDD  SAFER is used across medicine and surgery, although is more in evidence on the medical wards. Community hospitals do not yet use the toolkit  The Trust is currently piloting the use of the red/green principles across 2 medical wards (C15/16). Pilot for 3 weeks. Review action and outcome. Develop roll out plan  Internal professional standards launched in April –following audit throughout the summer to be re-launched via the MD in Dec.  Risk areas Head and Neck and Orthopaedics due to existing working practices	50%				
A&E Plan Rapid Implementation Guidance: Discharge	<b>All key deliverables will be fully implemented by end of 2016/17 resulting in 100% compliance.</b>  <b>Areas already achieved:</b> A multi-agency group have established a locally agreed model which has been approved at Executive level. A Task and	100%		On-going monitoring and evaluation.  Alongside this, revised priorities will be identified locally and nationally mandated in 2017/18 to enable on-going improvement in service delivery and performance outcomes	Fully completed actions and achievement of the 95% performance target	UECN, STPs, AE Delivery Boards and Primary Care Strategy

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	<p>Finish Group has been established to progress the work required. Financial resources are contained within a pooled budget under Section 75 agreement.</p> <p>There are currently no delays for CHC assessments. Trusted Assessor in place for step-down beds.</p> <p><b>Outstanding work areas to be completed 2016/17</b></p> <p>Task and Finish Group to identify clear pathways with access criteria and pilot new ways of working.</p> <p>Monitor and review</p> <p>Working to extend the trusted assessor role through the dedicated task and finish group including out of area social care leads. Agree ways of working.</p> <p>Test and design the new system (on high usage wards)</p> <p>Roll out new ways of working</p>	50%				
Deliver a reduction in the proportion of ambulance 999 calls that result in avoidable transportation to A&E	<p>Reduction in A&amp;E transport of 'Frequent Service Users'</p> <p>Increase numbers of patients assessed by ambulance staff who</p>	<p>Baseline to be agreed based on common definition of Frequent Service Users</p> <p>Rapid Intervention Service Launched in October 2016 –</p>	<p>Agree common approach to identification of frequent service users</p> <p>Develop and alternative appropriate pathways and multiagency management approaches to care planning for frequent service users</p> <p>Continue implementation of Rapid Intervention team to manage patients in community when appropriate</p>	<p>Continue implementation of agreed measures</p>	<p>Reduction in A&amp;E Attendances from Frequent Service Users</p> <p>Reduction in 999 Calls and ambulance attendances</p>	<p>A&amp;E Delivery Board Plans</p> <p>Better Care Fund Programme</p>

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,															
	can be managed in the community	18 referrals from WMAS to date.	Further integrate team into integrated community team for enhanced coordination of holistic approaches to care.																		
<b>RTT and elective care</b>																					
Deliver the NHS Constitution standard that more than 92% of patients on non-emergency pathways wait no more than 18 weeks from referral to treatment (RTT). Remedial Action Plans (RAPs) in place; detail includes reference to transformational plans, reviews of elective pathways, and alternative models such as pre-assessment clinics.	Achieve 92% of patients on non-emergency pathways wait no more than 18 weeks from referral to treatment (RTT). Remedial Action Plans (RAPs) in place; detail includes reference to transformational plans, reviews of elective pathways, and alternative models such as pre-assessment clinics.	RWT August 2016 – 90.67%  Breakdown by specialty at Annex 1  CCG August 2016 – 91%	1. Review and continuously monitor position  2. Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans  4. Deliver demand management plan (referral diversion and outsourcing)  5. Expand current initiatives around Advice and Guidance for GPs, and diagnostic direct access.  5. Consider opportunities at STP level	1. Review and continuously monitor position  2. Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans for  3. continuously monitor achievement and impact of demand management plans/actions	92% across all specialties  Current RWT RAP Trajectories: <table border="1"> <tr> <td>GenSurg</td><td>Mar-17</td><td>92.01</td></tr> <tr> <td>Gynea</td><td>Mar-17</td><td>92.66</td></tr> <tr> <td>Ortho</td><td>Mar-17</td><td>92.05</td></tr> <tr> <td>Uro</td><td>Jun-17</td><td>92.18</td></tr> <tr> <td>PlasticS</td><td>Jul-17</td><td>92.07</td></tr> </table>	GenSurg	Mar-17	92.01	Gynea	Mar-17	92.66	Ortho	Mar-17	92.05	Uro	Jun-17	92.18	PlasticS	Jul-17	92.07	Strategic demand management plan, acute STP
GenSurg	Mar-17	92.01																			
Gynea	Mar-17	92.66																			
Ortho	Mar-17	92.05																			
Uro	Jun-17	92.18																			
PlasticS	Jul-17	92.07																			
Deliver patient choice of first outpatient appointment, and achieve 100% of use of e-referrals by no later than April 2018.	100% use of e-referrals by GPs  Increased empowerment of patients to make appropriate choices and be involved in decision making about their care	38%	1. Continue to monitor usage 2. Provide training for practice staff/ targeted support to GPs 3. Review outcomes of paper referral audit, and re-audit as appropriate.  1. Supporting PPGs to effectively promote NHS Constitution and principles of Choice 2. Continue to train staff to fully utilise ERS functionally to offer choice 3. Supporting practices through support visits that will challenge best practice around offering choice.	1. Continue to monitor usage 2. Take appropriate action to improve	100% by April 2018	Strategic demand management plan															
Streamline elective care pathways, including through outpatient redesign and avoiding unnecessary follow-ups.	▪ Improve waiting times for MSK Services ▪ Improve surgery conversation rate in orthopaedics (annex 4) ▪ Improved outcomes for MSK patients	▪ Max 18 weeks ▪ 29%	1. Complete MSK procurement and mobilisation 2. Programme of education/ awareness across primary care 3. Contract and quality monitoring 4. Risks/Issues management 5. Continue work to benchmark RWT elective care pathways against comparators and act on findings.	1. Continuously review improvement opportunities in other elective areas 2. Utilising data intelligence, GP and patient feedback to inform areas of investigation. 3. Use best practice and learning from other areas to drive improvement.	▪ Waiting time target: 4 weeks ▪ Conversion target to be agreed ▪ Use of functional scale tool, target to be agreed.	Acute STP, Right Care															

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
Implement the national maternity services review, Better Births, through local maternity systems.	100% compliance with Better Births <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Gap analysis undertaken by CCG and RWT, and actions agreed.</li> </ul>	41% fully compliant 35% partially compliant 23% non-compliant <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Monitor progress against actions</li> <li>2. Risks/issues management</li> <li>3. Joint working with partners, including public health, to support targeted interventions.</li> <li>3. Deliver STP objectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Sustainable services,</li> <li>▪ Reduce rate Infant Mortality</li> <li>▪ Better Births Agenda</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Review impact of implementing 'Better Births'</li> <li>2. Identify further improvement requirements/ opportunities</li> </ul>	Review of gap analysis, on-going review of Maternity Dashboard and patient experience measures. We are working towards being fully compliant with Better Births by 2020 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪</li> </ul>	Maternity STP
<b>Cancer</b>						
Delivery of National Cancer Standards	Delivery of 62 day constitutional standard  National Standard 85%	74.2%	Maintain implementation of CCG/Trust improvement plan including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reviewing and continuous monitoring against plan</li> <li>• Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans</li> <li>• Embed day 38 referral transfer guidance as part of main provider contract</li> <li>• Increase diagnostic capacity to support continued delivery of standard.</li> <li>• Weekly escalation meetings with Divisional Manager to review performance against standards with a view to identifying process bottlenecks.</li> <li>• Improve tracking of Cancer Patients and Escalation to ensure all cancer pathways are being reviewed and managed appropriately.</li> <li>• Radiology reporting – Introduce waiting list initiatives targeted to Cancer patients to reduce waiting times.</li> <li>• Install new MRI Scanner to increase capacity.</li> <li>• Ensure appropriate Clinical Engagement is sought to ensure delivery of the cancer recovery plan actions</li> </ul>	Maintain implementation of CCG/Trust improvement plan including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reviewing and continuous monitoring against plan</li> <li>• Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans</li> <li>• Implement endoscopy Tests offered in 7 days to support the diagnostic element of the upper and lower Gastrointestinal 62-day pathways</li> <li>• Ensure appropriate Clinical Leadership is in place to oversee delivery and monitoring of all cancer recovery plan actions</li> <li>• Agree and document a standard process for managing incidental radiology findings of cancer to ensure the appropriate MDT is notified.</li> <li>• Cancer Board to continue to provide leadership and oversight of strategic issues associated with cancer.</li> <li>• Continue to ensure alignment to the data quality strategy for the cancer service to provide assurance of the reported position. This should include details of the regular auditing of pathways (including un-breached) and pre-upload checks</li> <li>• Continue to work with feeder Trusts to agree and document timed clinical pathways for IPT referrals including the timescales for referral and work up required prior to referral.</li> </ul>	Achieved 85% standard  Delivery of Sustainable Transformation Fund trajectory templates as on Unify.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cancer improvement plan as agreed by NHSE/NHSI</li> <li>• Agreed Inter trust Transfer Policy Implement and continue monitoring of Intensive Support Team report</li> </ul>

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	<p>Two Week Wait From GP Urgent Referral to First Consultant Appointment National Standard 93%</p> <p>Two Week Wait Breast Symptomatic (where cancer not initially suspected) From GP Urgent Referral to First Consultant Appointment National Standard 93%</p> <p>One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a First Treatment for Cancer National Standard 96%</p> <p>One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Anti-Cancer Drug Regime) National Standard 98%</p> <p>One Month Wait from a Decision to Treat to a Subsequent Treatment for Cancer (Radiotherapy) National Standard 94%</p> <p>Two Month Wait from GP Urgent Referral to a First Treatment for Cancer National Standard 85%</p> <p>Two Month Wait from a National Screening Service to a First Treatment for Cancer National Standard</p>	93.6%  94.9%  95.8%  100%  97%  74.2%  95.7%	<p>Maintain current performance National standard achieved Reviewing and continuous monitoring against plan</p> <p>Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans</p> <p>Maintain current performance</p> <p>National standard achieved Reviewing and continuous monitoring against plan</p> <p>Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans</p> <p>Review and continuous monitoring of remedial action plan Ensure remedial action plans owned by Provider Senior Management Ensure Provider Cancer board are driving improvements</p> <p>Maintain current performance of 100% against National standard of 98%</p> <p>Maintain current performance of 97% against National Standard of 94%</p> <p>Maintain implementation of CCG/Trust improvement plan Ensure remedial action plans owned by Provider Senior Management Ensure Provider Cancer board are driving improvements</p> <p>Maintain current performance National Standard 90%</p>	<p>Maintain current performance National standard achieved Reviewing and continuous monitoring against plan</p> <p>Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans</p> <p>Maintain current performance National standard achieved Reviewing and continuous monitoring against plan</p> <p>Seek remedial action for newly failing specialties/ apply robust challenge to existing remedial action plans</p> <p>Review and continuous monitoring of remedial action plan Ensure remedial action plans are owned by Provider Senior Management Ensure Provider Cancer boards are driving improvement</p> <p>Maintain current performance of 100% against National standard of 98%</p> <p>Maintain current performance of 97% against National Standard of 94%</p> <p>Maintain implementation of CCG/Trust improvement plan 17/18 Implement Urology/ Gastroenterology &amp; Radiology initiatives to increase capacity Ensure remedial action plans owned by Provider Senior Management Ensure Provider Cancer board are driving improvements</p> <p>Maintain current performance National Standard 90%</p>	<p>96% national standard achieved</p> <p>85% national Standard achieved</p>	<p>Ensure implementation of West Midlands Breach Allocation Policy</p> <p>Ongoing review of diagnostic capacity</p> <p>Manage demand effectively</p> <p>Ensure alignment with STP priorities and service/system redesign</p> <p>Macmillan Primary Care Facilitator continue to work with Primary Care regarding standardising referral processes – look to utilise Map of Medicine and embed NICE guidance</p> <p>Look to utilise decision aids in Primary care</p> <p>Links to bids for Diagnostic Capacity Funds</p> <p>Ensure Intensive Support Team recommendations are implemented</p>

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	90% Two Month Wait Following a Consultant Upgrade to a First Treatment for Cancer No National Standard established	89.8%	Maintain current performance until National standard established	Maintain current performance Until National standard established	Await National Standard	
Delivery of the National Cancer Strategy Achieving world class outcomes STP Priority No 3 'ensure services are efficient'	Establish Cancer Strategy Oversight Group		Establish Cancer Strategy oversight group to include local Macmillan GP Facilitator and Macmillan Primary Care Nurse Facilitator, Public Health, Local Acute provider clinician, Healthwatch, patient representative and local Cancer support group representatives	Oversight group to continue to work to support delivery of key priorities and plans in line with local and national innovation and collaboration.		Working with Cancer Alliance and learning from Cancer Vanguards to implement the taskforce recommendations
			Ensure that the oversight groups processes and systems are aligned to the local Cancer Alliances through the Black Country STP .			
			Oversight group to support the alliance in their key roles of planning services, designing care pathways, providing support for improvement and undertaking effective public engagement			
			Ensure Oversight Group has mechanisms are in place to disseminate and spread innovation from other alliances and Cancer Vanguards to deliver key taskforce priorities			
	Improve One Year Survival Rates National rate - 70.2%	Local 71%	Scope opportunities for direct to test for cancer types with lowest 1 year survival rates	Programme of work to redesign internal pathways for agreed direct to test patients	Incremental % year on year improvement in one year survival rates for all tumour types monitored through regular contracting & performance reporting	Continue working with local providers and NHSE to facilitate improvements.
	Reduce proportion of cancers diagnosed following emergency presentations	TBC	Scope opportunities for decision aids in Primary Care	Work with Primary Care to review and redesign referral pathway including the use of decision aids if appropriate	Continuously review areas for improvement in line with learning from Vanguards	Macmillan GP Facilitator & Macmillan Primary Care Nurse Facilitator will lead and drive programme for improvements
	Improve completeness of staging data	TBC	Programme of work to improve education & awareness of signs & symptoms of Cancer	Work with Public Health to improve education & awareness of signs & symptoms of Cancer		
			Develop programme of work with Public Health to baseline and develop action plan to improve uptake of screening programmes	Develop programme of work with Public Health to baseline and develop action plan to improve uptake of screening programmes including call/recall systems for patients with increased risk of breast cancer		
			Work with RWT to develop action plan to improve numbers of people diagnosed with Cancer via emergency routes	Implement programme of work to redesign pathways for emergency presentations of query cancer patients		
			Continuously review and improve lung cancer survival rates by reviewing current pathways including routes to diagnosis and opportunities for direct to test			

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
Improve uptake of smoking cessation initiatives  Standard : Reduce smoking prevalence to below 13% by 2020  Current Status: England Average 16.9%  Current Status : Breast Screening England Average 75.4%  Cervical Screening England Average 73.5%  Bowel Screening England Average 57.1%	Smoking prevalence in adults 19.3% <i>(local healthy lifestyle audit suggests 22.5%)</i>  Breast Screening 71.9%  Cervical Screening 69.4%  Bowel Screening 52.9%	Continuously review current pathways to ensure alignment with best practice E.g Map of Medicine  Develop programme of work with public health partners to target this patient cohort  Implement programme of work and regular monitoring  Develop plans to achieve current England average  Work in partnership with Macmillan Cancer Support to deliver targeted healthy lifestyle programmes  Develop work programme with Public Health partners to target non - compliant groups  Implement work programme  Regular monitoring and review of action plans and work plans to measure effectiveness  Ensure Senior Public Health Managers own plans and drive improvements  Work in partnership with Macmillan Cancer Support to deliver targeted campaigns	Develop action plan to attain reduction to 13% by 2020  Regular monitoring and reviews of action plan  Plans to be owned and driven by public health Senior Managers  Continue to deliver targeted campaigns in partnership with Public Health & Macmillan  Continue to review effectiveness and respond accordingly  Explore and action opportunities to take action alongside national initiatives  Ensure Senior Public Health Managers own plans and drive improvements  Develop plans to attain National average in 18/19 – 19/20	Achievement of reduction to England average of 16.9%  Achievement of increase in current performance to 73% in Breast screening  Achievement of increase in current performance to 71.5% Cervical screening  Achievement of increase in current performance to 54% in Bowel screening.	Links to Public Health Outcomes Framework  Links to new National Tobacco Control Plan  Links to Public Health Outcomes Framework  Links to national roll out HPV cervical screening and FIT programme for bowel screening  Spread learning from the new multi - disciplinary diagnostic centres in 2017	
Improve Patient Experience  Utilise National Cancer Patient Experience Survey as baseline  Current performance 8.6%		Work with Primary Care to develop local patient experience indicators  Work with Primary care to develop plans to improve the quality and quantity of Cancer care reviews  Work with RWT to monitor action planning around improvement in patient experience	Work with Primary Care to improve patient experience overall  Work with Primary Care to deliver improvement plan around Cancer care reviews  Monitor patient experience reports namely NCPES and develop action plans to improve performance	Incremental year on year improvement in patient experience across whole cancer pathway monitored through contracting & performance	Ensure patients are involved in all pathways redesign  Macmillan Primary Care Facilitator to support Primary Care to implement local	

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
			Continuous review of current practices and pathways to identify opportunities for improvement	Continuous review of current practices and pathways to identify opportunities for improvement		patient experience indicators  Ensure learning spread from Public Health England linking Patient experience with Cancer registration data  Links to national initiative to deliver access to CNS for all cancer patients
	Deliver a definitive diagnosis within 28 days from referral  National target not yet available		Programme of work with Providers to develop and agree plans to improve access to diagnostics  Programme of work to review current referral process  Work with Public Health to raise awareness of and improve education around signs and symptoms of Cancer  Ensure all redesign work is driven by Cancer board  Regular reviews and monitoring of action plans developed  Regular reviews and monitoring of remedial action plans	Implement programme of work to redesign diagnostic pathways  Work with Primary Care to redesign referral processes  Work with Public Health to raise awareness of and improve education around signs and symptoms of Cancer  Ensure all redesign work is driven by Cancer board  Regular reviews and monitoring of action plans developed  Regular reviews and monitoring of remedial action plans	Diagnostic pathways reviewed and action plans developed and agreed	Macmillan GP Facilitator & Macmillan Primary Care Nurse Facilitator will lead and drive programme for improvements  Disseminate learning from the Cancer Vanguards  Links to new Quality of Life standard
	Roll out of risk stratified pathways for Breast Cancer patients  No standard established to date		Work with current provider to undertake action planning around roll out of risk stratified pathways for Breast Cancer patients  Work with current providers to scope roll out of stratified pathways for colorectal , urology  Ensure all redesign work is driven by Cancer board  Regular reviews and monitoring of action plans developed	Monitor implementation and roll out of stratified pathways for Breast Cancer patients  Roll out stratified pathways for other tumour sites  Continuous monitoring and evaluation of pathways implemented  Regular reviews and monitoring of action plans developed  Review impact of improvements on patient experience	Roll out of stratified pathways for Breast Cancer patients Monitored through contracting & performance  Commence roll out of stratified pathways for colorectal and urology patients	Work with Cancer Alliances and Vanguards to ensure best practice is adopted
	Roll out of Living with and beyond cancer programme		Programme of work with current providers to develop action plan to roll out programme in full  Scope current percentage of patients receiving Cancer care review within 6 months diagnosis of cancer	Commence implementation of action plan following prioritisation process.  Develop local QOF to incentivise improvement in Cancer care review		Links to long term quality of life data and PROMS to be rolled out from 2018

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	Embed Health & Wellbeing Session  Embed Treatment Summary Record across all tumour sites  Embed eHNA  Embed Cancer Care Reviews (CCRs) in Primary Care	Local Continuous Quality Improvement Network (CQIN)  Local CQIN  TBC  95.5% QOF indicator National	Extend current CQIN for further roll out of health & wellbeing sessions. Develop and agree roll out plan  Extend current CQIN for Treatment Summary Care Record Develop and agree roll out plan across all cancer sites  Scope current position on use of eHNA across provider Develop action plan for rolling out across all cancer sites  Continuous monitoring and regular reviews against reporting on CQIN Targets  Develop programme of work to ensure this element of Recovery Package is piloted and rolled out  Develop trajectories for roll out Provider Cancer Board to own and drive this implementation Regular monitoring and reviews of roll out Review impact of improvements on patient experience Undertake audits of current CCR in Primary Care Review current process for CCR in Primary Care Develop action plan to improve quality and quantity of CCR in Primary Care	Roll out Health & Wellbeing sessions to other tumour sites  Roll out implementation of treatment summaries across all cancer sites  Roll out use of eHNA across all cancer sites Review impact of improvements on patient experience  Achieve 75% roll out and develop implementation plan to deliver 100% roll out Continuous monitoring and regular reviews of roll out to all tumour sites Development and monitoring of remedial action plan Review impact of improvements on patient experience  Implement roll out plan  Regular reviews of roll out Commence planning for roll out to all tumour sites Regular reviews and monitoring of implementation Review impact of improvements on patient experience Roll out action plan to improve quality and quantity of CCR's Achievement of 100% CCR in Primary Care  Regular monitoring of quantity and quality of CCR in Primary Care	Health & Wellbeing Events Q3 16/17 Increase uptake to 40% of agreed patient cohort Q4 16/17 Increase uptake to 50% of agreed patient cohort Action plan to roll out and embed fully across agreed patient cohort and other tumour sites Treatment Summary Record Q3 16/17 Increase roll out to 50% of patient cohort Q4 16/17 Increase roll out to 75% of patient cohort  EHNA 50 % Roll out achieved 16/17 75% roll out achieved 17/18  Macmillan Primary Care Nurse Facilitator to drive improvements in baseline figures for Cancer care review Roll out of Living with and beyond cancer programme Monitored through contracting & performance	Links to National work looking at reducing long term consequences of treatment.
<b>Mental Health</b>						
Deliver in full the implementation plan for Mental Health Five Year Forward View across the life span.	Deliver IAPT expansion so that at least 19% of people with anxiety and depression access treatment, with the majority of the increase from the baseline of 15% to be integrated with primary care.	15% Access end 16/17.  50% Moving to Recovery 16/17  75% of people access treatment within six weeks end 16/17.	1. Work with commissioners and providers across the STP footprint to increase capacity and capability in the workforce by increasing staff trained as HITs and PWPs and providing access to CAMHS staff to the CYP IAPT training.  2. Develop a care pathway and service specification to integrate the increased access to IAPT within primary care (4% above baseline for adults) working with clinicians and GPs.	1. Delivery of additional therapists having accessed training to increase capacity / capability in the system.  2. Implementation of new care pathway and service specification.	19% Access by end 18/19.	Mental Health Work Stream of STP. Primary Care Plan, CAMHS LTP.

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	Align with delivery of Children and Young Peoples IAPT and trainee of therapists as part of our IAPT Collaborative.	95% access treatment within 18 weeks end 16/17.	3. Develop a project plan with trajectories to deliver the above working with stakeholders and partners, ensure alignment with IPS development and delivery	3. Delivery of Project Plan including CYP IAPT and targeted support for key groups such as those with LTCs, people from BME groups and people who are unemployed / on sickness benefit.		
	Reduce suicide rates by 10% against the baseline in Local Suicide Prevention Plan	2012-14 Baseline 64 (8.8 per 100,000 population) Baseline to be updated at year end	1. Work with commissioners, providers and public health colleagues across the STP footprint to develop Suicide Prevention Plan. Align with key initiatives such as Crisis Concordat, CAMHS LTP, Improving Waiting Times and Access Standards and STP MH work stream focussing on wider determinants of mental health.	a. Implementation and delivery of plan with key focus on hotspots such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Debt Counselling</li> <li>• Time For Change</li> <li>• Beat Bullying</li> <li>• Dual Diagnosis (Substance Misuse)</li> <li>• Crisis Support</li> <li>• Mental Health Awareness / First Aid Training</li> </ul>	Reduction of 10% against the 2016/17 baseline.	STP, Suicide Prevention Strategy, Crisis Concordat, CAMHS LTP, Improving Waiting Times and Access Standards.
Ensure delivery of the mental health access and quality standards across the lifespan.	24/7 access to community crisis resolution teams and home treatment teams and mental health liaison services in acute hospitals.	4 hours urgent referral 16/17.	1. Work with commissioners and providers across the STP footprint to deliver Urgent and Planned Mental Health Care Pathways across the life span that deliver ambitions of the Crisis Concordat Action Plan and Multi-Agency Declaration, are NICE Compliant and deliver the waiting times and access standards and key components of the Care Programme Approach across the life span.	1. Implementation and delivery of revised care pathway plan with key focus on hotspots such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Improved access to mental health crisis care including in-patient beds outside normal working hours</li> <li>• Assertive Outreach model to prevent relapse for those with SMI</li> <li>• Parity of esteem across the life span</li> <li>• Plans for high volume service users across the life span</li> <li>• Reduction in Acute Overspill placements</li> <li>• Refreshed CPA across the life span</li> </ul>	1-4 hours urgent referral end 18/19	STP, Suicide Prevention Strategy, Crisis Concordat, CAMHS LTP, Improving Waiting Times and Access Standards.
Increase access to high quality mental health services for children and young people.	At least 32% of children with a diagnosable condition are able to access evidence-based services by April 2019 including access to CYP IAPT by 2018.	30% AT 16/17 (case load size projected excess 1000 by year end)	1. Work with commissioners and providers across the STP footprint to deliver CAMHS LTP, including strong linkage with NHSE and HEE re collaborative commissioning and work force planning respectively to develop care pathways and increase capacity and capability in the work force.	1. Implementation and delivery of revised care pathways as per the LTP to include focus on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Criminal Justice.</li> <li>• Care pathways into CAMHS TIER 4</li> <li>• CYP IAPT</li> <li>• CRHT</li> <li>• EIP</li> <li>• Eating Disorders</li> <li>• Perinatal Mental Health</li> </ul>	At least 32% of children with a diagnosable condition are able to access evidence-based services by April 2019 including access to CYP IAPT by 2018.	STP, CAMHS LTP, Improving Waiting Times and Access Standards.
			2. Develop STP CAMHS LTP Work Force Plan with trajectories.	2. Implementation of work force plan.		
			3. Develop STP CAMHS LTP capacity and capability plan with trajectories re increased numbers accessing services	3. Implementation of capacity and capability plan		
Increase access to community eating disorder services / care pathways	95% of children and young people and adults receive treatment within four weeks of referral for routine cases; and one week for urgent cases.	100% current baseline	1. Work with commissioners and providers across the STP footprint to deliver the Eating Disorder Care Pathway across the life span that are NICE Compliant and deliver the waiting times and access standards and key components of the Care Programme Approach across the life span.	1. Full implementation of care pathways as per the LTP to include focus on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Early Intervention and Prevention</li> <li>• Care pathways into TIER 4</li> <li>• Linkage with Primary Care</li> <li>• Reduced Admissions</li> </ul>	95% of children and young people and adults receive treatment within four weeks of referral for routine cases; and one week for urgent cases.	STP, CAMHS LTP, Improving Waiting Times and Access Standards.

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
To close the health gap between people with mental health problems, learning disabilities and autism and the population as a whole.	Annual reviews and health facilitation for all on SMI practice registers in line with shared care agreements and the CPA.	35.1%	1. Work with Primary Care services, commissioners and providers across the STP footprint to deliver a physical health Care Pathway across the life span for [people with SMI that is NICE Compliant	1. Full implementation of care pathway to include focus on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Early Intervention and Prevention</li> <li>• Dual diagnosis – Substance Misuse</li> <li>• Linkage with Primary Care</li> <li>• Reduced Admissions / relapse rates LTCs</li> <li>• Obesity</li> <li>• Smoking Cessation</li> <li>• Unwanted effects of Psycho active medication</li> </ul>	Annual reviews and health facilitation for all on SMI practice registers in line with shared care agreements and the CPA.	STP, CAMHS LTP, Improving Waiting Times and Access Standards.
<b>People with learning disabilities</b>						
Deliver Transforming Care Partnership plans with local government partners, enhancing community provision for people with learning disabilities and/or autism.	Implement Building the right Support as a model of care and support	Critical path developed across the TCP footprint which has been approved by NHSE.	1. Review the pilot Intensive Support Service  2. Deliver targeted workforce, provider and family/carer training to raise awareness and competency levels  3. Develop a standardised approach to the monitoring of recommendations and outcomes from Care and Treatment Reviews (CTRs) and future health and social care planning  4. Agree on a set of standards, outcome measures and Key Performance Indicators for all Inpatient services  5. Develop a standardised 'out of hospital pathway' for all ages to facilitate timely discharge with appropriate quality assured support services  6. Develop a shared set of principles for assigning dowries and s117 contributions  7. Develop creative alternatives to admission and increase the uptake of personal health budgets  8. Implement the recommendations of the report on Tier 3+ / Tier 4 provision for children and young people  9. Embedded positive behaviour support as standard practice	1. Implement learning from the Intensive Support Pilot through commissioning intentions  2. Review gaps in training needs and plan an inter-agency response  3. Undertake a programme of joined-up reviews of inpatient services with NHSE and neighbouring CCGs  4. Consider any gaps in the implementation of Positive Behaviour Support  5. Review effectiveness of pathway and consider gaps in provision  6. Review and develop the provider market	Inpatient numbers Outcome measures Key performance indicators Information requirements	STP
	Develop an outcomes measurement tool in line with Building the Right Support, co-produced with adults and children with learning disabilities and their family carers	No nationally validated set of outcome measures	1. Review the implementation of the measurement tool (Sept 2017)  2. Consider the learning from embedding the tool (Sept 2017)			STP
Reduce inpatient bed capacity by	An overall reduction in the number of inpatients who have a	Assuring Transformation 2016/17 data.	1. Work with NHSE Spec com on a regional footprint to model the need for inpatient services across the region into		E.K.1: Reliance on inpatient care for people with a learning disability and/or autism	Transforming Care Partnership

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
March 2019 to 10-15 in CCG-commissioned beds per million population and 20-25 in NHSE-commissioned beds per million population	learning disability and/or an autistic spectrum disorder throughout 2017/18 and 2018/19.  Reduction of bed capacity to 10-15 CCG commissioned beds per million population by March 2019, and 20-25 NHSE beds per million population. This equates to 3 CCG commissioned beds, and 5 NHSE beds	31/12/2015: 9 CCG beds 21 NHSE beds  30/09/2016 6 CCG beds 17 NHSE beds	17/18, 18/19  2. Collaborate across the Black Country and Birmingham TCP to model the CCG commissioned inpatient beds that will be required going forwards  3. Work with NHSE to align budgets and to ensure the appropriate transfer of funding 4. Develop a risk sharing agreement with specialist provider of inpatient services to support their sustainability as a provider of beds within region		Report using Outcomes measurement tool	STP
Improve access to healthcare for people with learning disability so that by 2020, 75% of people on a GP register are receiving an annual health check.	To deliver a year on year growth in the number of people on a GP register with a learning disability receiving an annual health check in order to achieve the target of 75% by 2020	14/15 baseline is 31%	1. Review and re-specify the community nursing specification that is part of the specialist healthcare offer in terms of strategic support, training and direct practice support with regards to annual health checks.  2. Utilise information from HSCIC/NHS digital and NHSE to establish baseline for: a) sign up to health checks scheme b) practice LD registers c) proportion of health checks carried out against register utilising data information from NHSE and HSCIC/NHS Digital 3. Work with primary care providers and families to co-produce new framework / specification for the delivery of annual health checks 4. Implement Quality outcomes measures as part of health checks 5. Consider Health Inequalities and their relationship with annual health checks  6. LD nurses to continue to offer support for the validation of GP LD registers  7. Promote role of specialist nurses to primary care and residential care providers to support/improve access to health checks, including information packs which are accessible and include invite letters, explanations for patients and carers.	1. Review service to ensure delivery of specification, to learn and improve specification for better outcomes.  2. Establish process/system of how reporting works, review for gaps and plan to ensure that a reduction in health inequalities can be demonstrated  3. Specialist nurses to provide update on registers including significant changes and learning from practices against information received from NHSE and NHS digital.  4 Monitor effectiveness of specialist nurse role and improving access by checking: 1) Invite to health checks 2) Health check uptake 3) Actions taken by nurses and practices 4) Learning and training requirements 5) Cascade learning from serious case reviews	TCP STP IAPC	

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
			8. Work with Primary Care Development managers to promote health checks delivery and new ways of working to carry them out with GP practices. E.g. consortia or federation approach.	5. Promote most effective way of carrying out health checks, learned from previous year. Support practices to stay up to date with improving access and effective ways of working examples.		
Reduce premature mortality by improving access to health services, education and training of staff and by making necessary reasonable adjustments for people with a learning disability and/or autism.	National high level actions will be shared urgently		1. Establish baseline for premature mortality for 15/16. 2. Wok with the mortality review (LeDeR) team (prospective) 3. Work with NHS provider trusts and independent providers to review compliance with recommendations from independent reviews of deaths of people with Learning disabilities and/or autism. 4. Establish what is in place at present in relation to improving access to health services, education and training of staff and reasonable adjustments. To include primary care and Acute Liaison Nurses (secondary care), specialist nurses and service user groups. 5. Specialist health team to work in partnership with primary and secondary care colleagues to identify training needs of health staff and to be able to deliver a programme of education to meet them 6. Specialist health team to work with primary and secondary care colleagues to increase the uptake of screening programmes	1. Ensure local reporting aligns to national requirements (following LeDeR direction/learning). 2. Implement processes learnt from LeDeR Programme. Embed process for ensuring compliance from reviews. Utilise baseline from 17/18 to extend access into other clinical areas. Review training gaps Continue improving access to health services including suggestions to improve access and 'reasonable adjustments.'	NHSE to provide up to date baseline so that a trajectory can be set across two years	TCP STP IAPC
<b>Quality</b>						
Supporting the implementation of plans to improve quality of care across Wolverhampton	Improving Quality in Primary Care	CQC rating variability, Patient experience and complaints 4 Practices not submitted data	1. 90% of all primary care practices will be rated GOOD 2. improved friends and family tests , national patient and staff surveys outlier 4 practices to submit data in q1- q4 3. complaints are managed and learning is shared	1.100% of all practices will be rated GOOD. 2. improvements sustained and practices monitoring is embedded 3. culture of complaint management is improved so that where possible complaints are prevented	Improved CQC ratings, patient experience and complaints are well investigated and learning shared.	Quality schedules Assurance framework
	Improvements in rates of Healthcare acquired infections	Improved antimicrobial prescribing and antimicrobial drug resistance  RWT cdiff 2016/17 target 35	1. Sign up to safety pledge 2. Antibiotic guardian pledge 3. UK 5yr anti-microbial resistance	1. Sustained and operable in acute and community care 2. To incorporate into all contract schedules <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Antibiotic prescribing in primary care is effective and medicines optimisation is embedded.</li> <li>• Employment of clinical pharmacists in primary care</li> </ul>	That care is being delivered in a safe, harm free environment to support Preventing premature death. Ensure a positive healthcare experience and treating and caring for people in safe environment free from harm	National IPC strategy CCG IPC service specification

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
		CCG 16/17 target 71	strategy 2013-2018. Requirements in 2017-19 contracts 4. Antibiotic prescribing in acute 1% reduction delivered and primary care is improved 5. Employment of clinical pharmacists in the new models of care structures. 6. Acute and community to meet monthly trajectory rates for CDiff. Targets are still to be confirmed but RWT are likely to have a 5-10% improvement target and CCG wide target likely to be 6-12%. 7. Zero tolerance for MRSA bacteraemia continues			
	Support improvements in quality in Care Homes	2015 care home indicator data baseline shows variability across the city 10 homes provide data	1.PROSPER Yr1, care home training and education programme for all homes with poor outcomes. 25 homes to provide data 2. management of LTCs at care home , 4 education sessions planned 3.AQI tenders for 9 care homes	1.PROSPER yr 2 improved outcomes for patients 50 homes to provide data 2.management of LTC patients to a good quality so admission to hospital is avoided. 4-6 education sessions with more emphasis on training the trainer for sustainability 3. extend to 50% of all care homes in Wton being on the approved list	Care in care homes is of a good quality, where service users are free from harm and have a good experience. Staff are well trained, motivated to care for a vulnerable group of patients, feel well supported and would recommend employer as choice for employment/provider of care.	Improving Care in the Care Homes Strategy Care Act 2015
Measure and improve efficient use of staffing resources to ensure safe, sustainable and productive services	Participate in STP wide plans to transform workforce	Under early scoping	1. Identification of skills needed to deliver new pathways of care across the STP. Staff engagements commenced 2. skills frameworks to be developed for continuous professional/career development 3. Workforce strategies continues with plans for recruitment, development, retention and innovation	1. staff to be transitioned over to new roles safely and with due care and attention, appropriate staff engagement continues 2. PDRs/appraisals and revalidations to be reflect 3. workforce 'pools' across the STPs to be developed, supported by good HR policies and support mechanisms to allow across site working.	That the right staff with the right skills are working in the right area at the right time across the STPs. Cost efficiencies are realised.	Operating Plans
	Support transformation of Primary Care workforce to develop new models of care.	Primary care Workforce Strategy – redesign of new roles  Working with HEIs to scope courses, HEE for funding streams via CEPNs LWABs for wider STP connectivity	1. attract more GPs to undertake training and stay in Wolverhampton 2. Associate nurses secured 3 places for 17/18 3. Apprenticeships- secure 3-5 places to pilot in one of the new models of care. 4. increased development for practice managers and reception staff to undertake back office duties and 5. 100% of all nurse revalidations due in 17/18 are undertaken successfully	1. sustain and build on GP training and extend to Fellows training, portfolio careers 2.secure 6-10 places 3. review pilot with view to extend to other models on a wider scale 4. secure places on leadership courses, 5. ALL nurses registered with NMC will have completed their Revalidation (2015-2018 successfully.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recruitment Fayre in April 2017</li> <li>More GPs working in PC in W'Ton</li> <li>More nurses working differently to the traditional model</li> <li>More prescribers working in PC</li> <li>Apprenticeships to work across integrated health and social care</li> <li>Trained nurse associates to pipeline future qualified nurses with extended skills in primary care</li> </ul>	GP5Yr Forward View PC Strategy

Priorities	Key deliverables	Baseline position	2017/18 actions / milestones (steps to delivery)	2018/19 actions/ milestones (steps to delivery)	Success measure (inc reference to plan trajectories)	Relationship to other plans/programmes, e.g. RightCare, UECN,
	Support workforce development in acute trust to support safe staffing across 7 day services	2016 workforce plans Working with RWT, HEIs, HEE to influence commissioning of training requirements	1. planning for staff across all specialities including clinical, AHPs, administration and social care  2. culture of 7 day service provision gets more embedded across all divisions and areas  3. transfer of patients from acute to community care is seamless well-resourced i.e. BCF streams (discharge to assess, home first models)	1. As a pilot site this work is progressing well at RWT.  2. New staff recruited are considered for skills required for 7 day services, HR policies in place for contracts to include 7 day working.  3. Tried and tested models have been refined and are working well.  4. Some roles can be worked across the new integrated models of care approaches	That 7 day services is the norm and not exception. Quality of care is good and not of a lesser quality than Mon – Fri. Patient outcomes are good for all days i.e. weekend mortality	National 7 days services standards
Participating in annual publication of findings from reviews of deaths, to include the annual publication of avoidable death rates and actions taken to reduce deaths related to problems in health care	Participation in the Trust Mortality Review Oversight Group (MORAG) allows for the CCG to be better sighted on the work that the trust is undertaking to understand avoidable mortality.	Clinical review of all deaths in all areas is currently under 50%. Primary care mortality reviews are variable	1. 70% of all deaths to be reviewed in all areas  2. 50% to be reviewed by primary care  3. inviting primary care colleagues to participate in the MORAG  4. improve dialogue with coroners re concerns  5. NHSE Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to be signed by 100% of all PC and providers	1. 100% of all deaths to be reviewed in all areas  2. 100% to be reviewed by primary care  3.share learning and case studies, audit results  4. coroners concerns and learning is shared.  5. improved flow of information pertinent to mortality is enabled through the safe and systematic IG of NHSE MOU.	That all avoidable mortality in the City is reviewed by hospital or primary care clinician as per best practice. Coroner concerns are shared and learning is enabled in a systematic way.	Francis Inquiry and recommendations Winterbourne View Infant mortality

## **Supporting the development of the appropriate infrastructure for health and care across Wolverhampton**

We recognise that in order to deliver our ambitious strategic plans, we will need to ensure that key enablers, including the use of technology, how we use our estate and the skills of our workforce are all aligned to our delivery plans. Our vision to commission the right care in the right place at the right time will only be possible if we deliver our plans to ensure that we have the most appropriately skilled people available to deliver care in high quality, accessible locations using the technology available to them in the right way. We will continue to work to ensure that these key enablers are in place throughout 2017/18 and 2018/19.

We have a strong track record in delivering improvement in technology and we have worked closely with our partners at RWT, City of Wolverhampton Council and Black Country Partnership to develop our Local Digital Roadmap to ensure we do our part to reach the ambitious targets set out in the five year forward view to achieve a paper free NHS by 2020. In primary care, Information Technology improvement work is aligned with national plans to improve information technology in practices by 2018. Our plans focus on developing and delivering solutions with interoperability by design to support the overall aims of our strategy to alleviate workload pressures for General Practitioners and deliver improvements for patients. We are working with partners across the Black Country STP to align our plans in this area to develop approaches to care record sharing that will ensure patients have a seamless experience across the range of services. We will continue to work in line with these plans to ensure we deliver against nationally mandated targets and requirements.

We have been successful in accessing funding streams for Estates and Technology Transformation during 2017/18 which will include both investment in technological and physical infrastructure in primary care. As well as targeted improvements to the physical environment practices are functioning in, we are working closely with other partners across the public sector to ensure that we make the best collective use of our estate resources to support ways of working innovatively and efficiently. This work is being facilitated by our Local Estates Forum, which is aiming to develop a single public sector health and social care estates plan to support collaborative decision making driven by collectively agreed priorities.

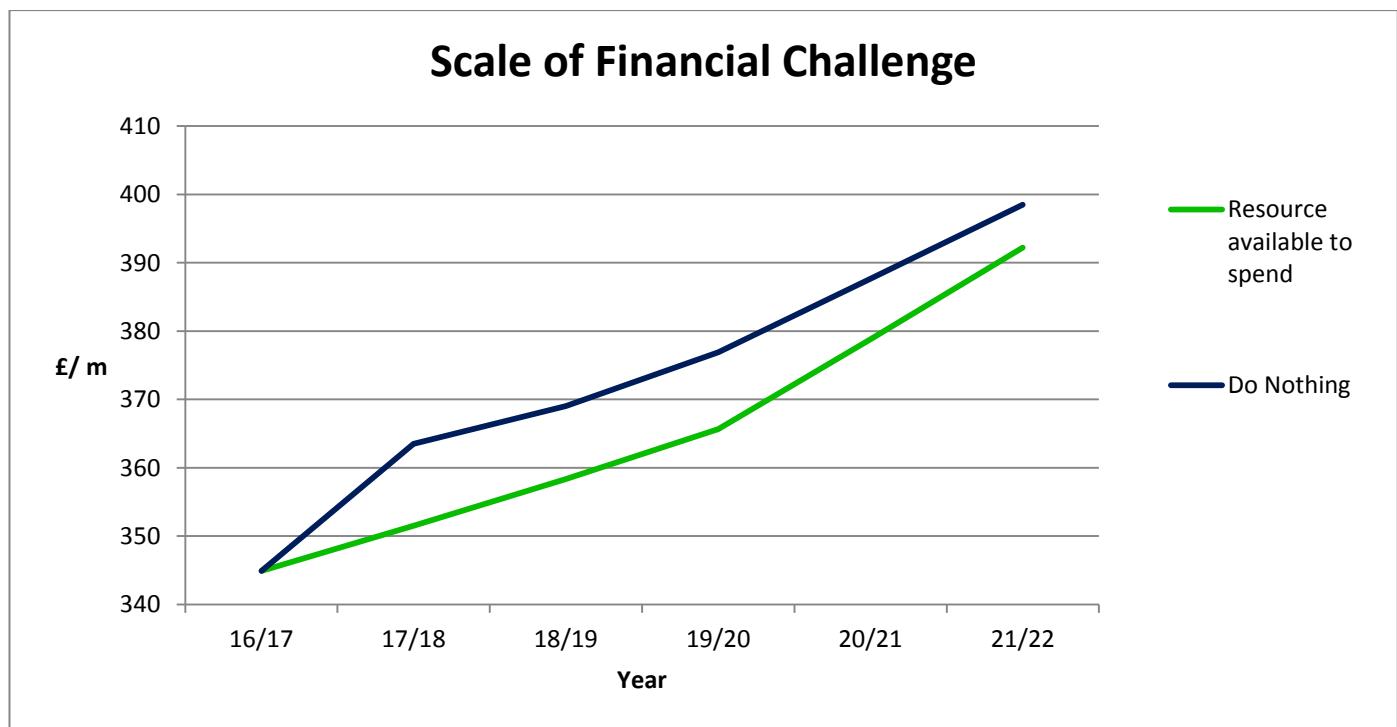
We also recognise the need to transform our workforce, particularly to support the delivery of more services in Primary Care settings and we are working with our practices and the groups they work within to ensure they have the most appropriate skill mix available to meet the needs of the local population. This will include introduction of new roles, in particular clinical pharmacists and mental health therapists who will work closely with practices and community neighbourhood teams to ensure the right care is available at the right time with emphasis on promoting independence and preventing ill health and this will be further strengthened by the addition of further GPs where the need has been identified. More broadly, our developing workforce plan will focus on developing our understanding of the key factors that influence decisions to work in Wolverhampton and how we can use this to improve recruitment and retention rates across the city. We will work with Wolverhampton University and Health Education England (HEE) to identify opportunities to develop appropriately rewarded pathways that will enable staff in Wolverhampton to increase their skills through portfolio careers that support a more flexible, future focused workforce. We will also continue to build on our organisational development programme for our own staff that

will continue to ensure we maintain outstanding delivery. This will focus on talent management and succession planning to ensure we continue to recruit, retain and develop the right staff to deliver our plans for transformational change.

## Finance and Activity Modelling

Our detailed financial and activity plans have been developed in line with the priorities and action plans set out above, focussed on delivering the right care in the right place at the right time in a financially sustainable manner. These plans meet nationally mandated standards and business rules, ensuring that we will be able to commission appropriate levels of care to be able to meet the standards set out in the NHS constitution across the financial years covered by this plan. To achieve this, we have worked collaboratively with our providers to develop jointly agreed approaches to modelling future demand to ensure that there is sufficient capacity in the system. This includes tracking both elective and non-elective activity to identify areas where we expect to see the influence of demographic change and the ongoing impact of our transformational plans.

These approaches are based on close working with our providers to develop a shared understanding of future demand. This means that agreed local variations in coding and counting are incorporated into the modelling work we have undertaken to support our strategic planning work. This work ensures that our plans are aligned with our providers to give us the appropriate assurance that there is sufficient capacity to deliver what is required. Our strategic demand management plan will continue to support this work by helping to identify any alternative capacity when it is required.



As we have highlighted elsewhere, we recognise that the significant financial challenges facing our health economy mean that our plans must deliver to ensure the care we

commission can be delivered within our financial allocations. The graph above demonstrates that without action CCG expenditure would far exceed the resources available for us to spend. We will monitor delivery of this through our QIPP programmes for 2017/18 and 2018/19 which will continue to be aligned to the priorities we have set out above.

## Engagement

Along with our partners in Wolverhampton and the Black Country we are committed to genuine, meaningful engagement with our population so that we can best understand their needs and how to improve their experience of care. We recognise that this will be an unprecedented period of change across the NHS and we will work collectively with our partners and population to ensure that we target our engagement work proactively. This will mean that we will focus on playing our part in delivering the communications and engagement plans set out in the STP to outline plans for the Black Country as a whole and ensure that the voice of Wolverhampton patients is recognised as changes are made.

We will continue to act proactively across the health and social care system, using a range of communication channel options to engage with those we seek to reach. This will include supporting our member practices as they form into groups, working with them to ensure their Patient Participation Groups are involved to drive up patient satisfaction standards and continue to work closely with patients. The impact of this will become more evident as we work together to co-design how we provide and they access care. Co-production will be a golden thread in all areas of practice development, improvement and sustainability.

## Risks

We recognise that in setting such an ambitious plan for action, there are inherent risks to it being achieved. As we have outlined above, in common with our partners across the STP, there are significant financial pressures facing the CCG during 2017/18 and 2018/19 that, without taking robust action to address them, would mean that we would not be able to commission the services we need to within the resources available. Our financial plans detail the specific action we are taking to mitigate these risks, which recognise that we will need to work in collaboration with both providers and other commissioning partners (including City of Wolverhampton Council) who face their own financial challenges.

Our plans focus not only on transforming how services work but on managing the demand for those services in the first place. This requires strong collaborative working, not only with other organisations but with the population we serve to ensure individuals make the right choices about what care they receive and where. A failure to address this issue and 'bend the demand curve' would place our plans at significant risk, which is why we have developed a strategic demand management plan to support direct action to support the sustainability of our services. This plan draws together a number of areas identified throughout our operational priorities to support patients to make appropriate choices and ensure hospital capacity is in place for those who need it most.

The scale of transformational change we are embarking on is unprecedented and, in order to ensure delivery, a fundamental shift in relationship between the organisations involved in delivering change towards working more closely together and working in different ways is required. This includes how we work with our member practices as well as with our provider

organisations and local authority colleagues. There is a risk that the scale of change will be challenging and we are not only working closely with our STP partners to participate fully in the development of robust collaborative governance arrangements to support delivery but also with our staff, Governing Body and Members to ensure the scale of change is recognised and understood by all.

In recognition of the need to work differently, we are reviewing our strategy for managing risks across the CCG. This will ensure there is a stronger understanding of how our broader operational risk profile impacts on the delivery of all of our strategic outcomes. This work is being led by our Governing Body and we plan to have this in place to support the delivery of this operational plan by the beginning of 2017/18.

## **Conclusion**

Whilst we recognise that we face challenges, we are confident that the plans we have set out above will enable the CCG to deliver our priorities in order to continue our journey towards achieving our vision. Our staff, Governing Body and member practices are all committed to working together and with our partners in Wolverhampton and across the Black Country to ensure these plans are delivered throughout 2017, 2018, 2019 and beyond. We were delighted to be recognised as an Outstanding CCG in 2015/2016 and we are determined to build on this successful track record for the future, working hard to deliver on our promise to the people of Wolverhampton to ensure that they are able to access the right care, in the right place at the right time.